

October - December 2008 Volume XXVII No. 2 (Whole Number 153) ISSN 1099-7377


## Inside This Issue

Cemil Betanov: A Peculiar Offset
Joseph Monteiro: More New Zealand Errors Again
George T. Krieger: British East Africa: The "On India" Errors (Part 2)
John Ryskamp: Invert and Mirror Image Grid Errors on the Neopost Stamps
Alvaro Pacheco: Pages from My Exhibit
John Hotchner’s Perf Orations: Let’s Get Organized
Jim McDevitt Presents Auction 114

# Upside down or grounded, Siegel sells them best. 



AUCTION GALLERIES, INC.

For information about our auctions or to request a copy of the next sale catalogue and newsletter, please contact:
Robert A. Siegel Auction Galleries, Inc., 60 East 56th Street, 4th Floor, New York, N.Y. 10022
Phone (212) 753-6421 Fax (212) 753-6429 E-mail: stamps@siegelauctions.com

For on-line catalogues, prices realized and the Siegel Encyclopedia www.siegelauctions.com

## From Your Editor

I hope that by now everybody has had a good start in 2009 and that it will be better year than the last one. Time will show. In times of great disturbances, it is comforting to know that there are things that we can go to, such as our stamp collections, which provide us an escape from the troubles of daily stress.
Electronic Version of The EFO Collector
In the last issue, I posed our members the question whether they would be interested in receiving The EFO Collector electronically. This would have two advantages for our members. For those members in the US, the advantage would be that they would see most of the issue in color. This difference can be substantial, since many errors, such as color errors, can be meaningfully rendered only in color. For members abroad, there would be an additional incentive that they could become members at the same rate that US members pay. The reason is, of course, that the differential in rates is due to the higher cost of mailing abroad.

I received five replies to my question. To my surprise, all replies were from US-based members. This implies that one of the following three conclusions applies to members outside of the US and Canada:

- They do not mind paying the higher membership fee.
- They do not use the Internet.
- They do not feel comfortable with an electronic version of The EFO Collector, even though the electronic version provides a higher quality (being in color).
By itself, this does not answer the question whether we could have additional members when we offer the lower rate to prospects outside of the US and Canada.

Of the five responses from US members, one opted for the printed copy, three opted for the electronic copy. One member, Douglas Quine, would like both copies. This answer did not surprise me - I would have likely opted for the same answer. Incidentally, many thanks to Douglas for sharing with me some tips on how to reduce the size of PDF files, something with which I have struggled for some time. One of the problems with PDF files that make up The EFO Collector is that they are large. This is the reason that they would have to be downloaded from the website instead of being mailed to members who request them.

Given the tepid response, right now the PDF version of The EFO Collector has still to be considered to be "experimental." If we get additional responses, we will revisit the subject. Please, do share your feedback on the subject, if you have not done so.

## Ryskamp Articles

I received in August a note from Don Price that he had been in contact with John Ryskamp, who published in U.S. Stamp News a series of articles on new stamp formats, including Neopost stamps and so-called CVP (computer vended postage) stamps, such as the ones you can get from stamps.com. A number of these articles focus on errors on such stamps. Given that new technologies are used to design and
print these stamps, it is only natural that there will be new types of errors that come up.

John Ryskamp was also kind enough to send me by mail around the same time copies of a number of his articles. I read most of them, and many are related to our charter of disseminating information on errors, freaks \& oddities. I liked them a great deal, and found myself in a conundrum. In the past, my approach in general has been to try to have original material in The EFO Collector, with very few exceptions. I felt that this was a case where an exception was warranted. You will see one of John Ryskamp's articles on page 15.

John has sent me many articles. Going forward, I will start to post them also on our website, you should start to see them appear in the near future. Many thanks to John for his cooperation and also thanks to Don setting up the contact.
Our Website
There have been few updates to our website, efocc.org, in the last few months. Unfortunately, the same factors that prevent me from publishing this journal in a more timely manner also affect my ability to do work on the website. Nevertheless, I have at times made updates, and there is some behind the scenes work going on, as follows:

- I have posted the new EFOCC By-Laws that were discussed by the Board at StampShow in August and subsequently adopted by Board vote.
- Ed Silver had mailed me several months ago a book by Dr. Stanley Segal titled "Errors, Freaks and Oddities on U.S. Stamps - Questions Marks in Philately". This 100 page book was at one time just about the bible of the EFO collectors. In addition to the text, it has many illustrations that are of interest. I scanned this book and prepared it for posting on the website. However, currently the U.S. Stamp Society owns a copyright on the book, although it is out of print and they do not sell it any longer. EFOCC member Joann Lenz, who is USSS Secretary, is researching whether they will allow us to post the book on our website. If they do, it should be an interesting addition.
- I have also been working on a reformatting of John Hotchner's essay on classification of EFOs. This should be available sometimes within the next month. The goal is to allow addition of comments and additional examples for each category of error, making the content deeper, as we go along.
- There are also many minor changes, including new links to websites of interest, such as the one maintained by Joann Lenz.
If you have not recently been to our website, I recommend that you visit it again from time to time. We have now also a guestbook, where you can leave a comment for others to see.

I wish you all the best in 2009, happiness, health and everything else you wish for you and your loved ones.

ALL CONTENTS COPYRIGHTED © 2008 BY THE EFO COLLECTORS' CLUB.
Authors and contributors have express permission to reuse of their material elsewhere without permission. Except for material reprinted herein, or material individually copyrighted by the author, material herein may be reprinted elsewhere as long as full credit is given to The EFO Collector, citing the issue date and number and giving the address of the EFOCC Secretary. $\diamond$ The EFO Collector is published quarterly, in March, June, September and December. The submission deadline for any issue is the $15^{\text {th }}$ of the month preceding the issue, e.g. $2 / 15,6 / 15,8 / 15$ and $11 / 15$. Send or e-mail editorial material directly to the Editor. Sample copies of The EFO Collector are available for $\$ 3$ from the Secretary. $\diamond$ Membership includes subscription to The EFO Collector. Membership fees are as follows:

|  | Members with addresses <br> in the U.S. or Canada | Members with <br> addresses elsewhere |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| One year's dues | $\$ 17.00$ | $\$ 34.00$ |
| One year membership renewal | $\$ 17.00$ | $\$ 34.00$ |
| Two year membership renewal | $\$ 32.00^{*}$ | $\$ 64.00^{*}$ |
| Life membership | $\$ 300.00 \dagger$ | $\$ 300.00 \dagger$ |
| Please make membership renewal checks to "EFOCC" and mail to Treasurer. Charges |  |  |
| can be paid via PayPal, subject to a convenience fee, e-mail Editor for details. [*] Each |  |  |
| additional year prepaid at the same time is $\$ 15 / \$ 30$. [ $\dagger$ ] $\$ 240$ for those older than 65 . |  |  |

## Advertising Rates

Advertising for The EFO Collector will be accepted at the following rates:
Per Issue Per 4 Issues

Full page $\$ 35.00$ \$128.00
Half par \$128.00
Half page $\$ 21.00 \quad \$ 80.00$
Quarter page $\$ 12.00 \quad \$ 44.00$
Address page, 4i x 4i
$\$ 16.00 \quad \$ 60.00$
Inside of front or back cover $\$ 55.00 \quad \$ 200.00$
$\begin{array}{lll}2 \text { page center spread } & \$ 65.00 & \$ 240.00\end{array}$
Classified ads, per word \$0.08

First insertion must be fully prepaid. The four-issue rate must be fully paid in advance. The deadline for ad copy is the $15^{\text {th }}$ of the month preceding the issue. Advertising, ad payments, and related inquiries should be directed to the Advertising Director or Editor. Please make checks payable to "EFOCC".
Please make membership renewal checks to "EFOCC" and mail to Treasurer. Charges can be paid via PayPal, subject to a convenience fee, e-mail Editor for details. [*] Each

## EFOCC Officers (2008-2010)

| President | Don David Price <br> Rua Freitas Reis 17, 2750-357 Cascais, Portugal | ddprice98@hotmail.com | E-mail me \& I'll telephone you |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vice-President | John M. Hotchner <br> POB 1125, Falls Church, VA 22041 | jmhstamp@ix.netcom.com | Phone: (202) 216-5855 |
| Auction Director | CWO Jim McDevitt | cwouscg@aol.com | Phone: (251) 607-9253 |
|  | 3561 Country Ct. North, Mobile, AL 36619-5335 |  | Fax: (251) 607-9253 |
| Treasurer | David Hunt 45 Fairway Drive, Denver, PA 17517 | dhhunt@ptdprolog.net | Phone: (717) 445-9420 |
| Secretary | Stan Raugh $42178^{\text {th }}$ Avenue, Temple, PA 19560 | trex@bigplanet.com | Phone: (610) 921-5717 |
| Editor | Cemil Betanov <br> 153 Claudy Lane, New Hyde Park, NY 11040 | CemilB@optonline.net | Phone: (516) 849-6604 |
| Club | Nancy B. Clark | nbc@cape.com | Phone: (508) 428-9132 |
| Member-at-Large | P. O. Box 427, Marstons Mills, MA 02648-0427 |  |  |
| Club | Jerome V. V. Kasper | jerome.kasper@gmail.com |  |
| Member-at-Large | P. O. Box 3470, Clovis, CA 93613-3470 |  |  |
| Advertising Director | Don David Price <br> Rua Freitas Reis 17, 2750-357 Cascais, Portugal | ddprice98@hotmail.com | E-mail me \& I'll telephone you |
| EFOCC Member Post Submission Form |  |  |  |

Every EFOCC member is entitled to three free 35 word listings per year in the EFOCC Member Post. To use your free listing, please complete this form, and mail it to the Editor. If you wish, you can also e-mail your request to the Editor.

## Help With Members' New Projects Submission Form

If you would like a free listing in The EFO Collector to help you with a new EFO project, please complete this form and mail it to the Editor. If you wish, you can also e-mail your request to the Editor.
I am looking for

Name, address, e-mail:
${ }^{11}$ George T. Krieger, British East Africa: The Stamps and Their Usages 1890-1902, Gold.
|| Eliot Landau, Classic France: The Ceres and Napoleon Issues of 1849-75 in the Foreign Mails, Gold.
|| VAPEX 2008, November 7-9, 2008, Williamsburg, VA
in John Hotchner, 20th Century U.S. Auxiliary Marking: The First Fifty Years, Grand and Gold.
John Hotchner, Worldwide Rarities and Uniquities, Court of Honor.
Eliot Landau, Oh Freedom: The Lincoln Emancipation Issue of 1940, Court of Honor.
Eliot Landau, The China War Resistance 5 Cent of 1942, Court of Honor.
" CHICAGOPEX 2008, November 21-23, 2008, Arlington Heights, IL
|| John Hotchner, 20th Century U.S. Auxiliary Markings Documenting Delay of, or Inability to Deliver the Mail: The First Fifty Years, Court of Honor.
Eliot Landau, Lincoln, Slavery and the Civil War, Gold.
Eliot Landau, The Franklin D. Roosevelt Memorial Series of 1945-46 and Its First Day Covers, Gold, American First Day
| Cover Society Award.
II Joseph Monteiro, Canadian Postage Stamp Errors of the Queen Elizabeth II Era, Literature, Vermeil.
"I Joseph Monteiro, Collection of Articles Published in The EFO Collector, Literature, Vermeil.
Congratulations to our Exhibitor Members!

## A Peculiar Offset Cemil Betanov



One of the fascinating aspects of studying EFOs consists of trying to figure out how a particular error occurred. Trying to figure this out also provides insight into production processes, sometimes with unexpected discoveries.

Shown to the left at the top is a wrapper that was used by the German-Austrian Alpine Association around 1920 to mail its newsletter to a member in Germany. The year can be deduced from the indicium which contains the country name "Deutschösterreich" which was used from 1919 through 1920.

The particularity of this wrapper stems from the fact that it has an offset of the indicium on the back. Such an offset occurs when the sheet that has just been printed is placed on top of another such sheet, and this happens so quickly that the ink on the bottom sheet has not dried yet. Thus, the ink from the bottom sheet is transferred to the upper sheet, and the upper sheet receives an offset image on the back of the paper. This offset image is a mirror image of the original.
(continued on page 10)

## SCHIFF AUCTIONS

## When You Consign Your U.S. or Worldwide Stamps, EFOs \& Covers?

1. YOUR COLLECTION will be carefully examined, lotted and accurately described by our professionals.

2. OUR WORLDWIDE CLIENTELE, developed over sixty years, will competitively bid for your stamps and covers.
3. YOU CAN SELECT the auction dates best suited for your consignment.
4. OUR EXTENSIVE ADVERTISING in publications throughout the U.S., Europe $\&$ Asia will lure buyers for your properties.
5. WE PROVIDE INSURANCE by Lloyds of London as soon as your collection is delivered to us or our bonded employee.
6. WE PERSONALLY DISCUSS your collection with you to advise how you can achieve the most financially rewarding results.
7. OUR LOW COMPETITIVE COMMISSION RATES make us partners to secure the best results.

SEND A STAMPED SELF-ADDRESSED NO. 10 SIZE ENVELOPE FOR OUR COMPLIMENTARY BROCHURE "HOW TO AUCTION YOUR STAMPS AND COVERS".

OVER 60 YEARS SERVING STAMP COLLECTORS
CONTACT US BY MAIL, TELEPHONE OR FAX BEFORE SENDING STAMPS \& COVERS. WE WILL TRAVEL FOR CONSIGNMENTS OF SPECIAL VALUE. WE ALSO PURCHASE OUTRIGHT.


AUCTION \#323 \& ELITE XXX MARCH 18-19, 2009
Knights of Columbus Hall

Ridgefield Park, NJ
AUCTION \#324
JUNE, 2009
Knights of Columbus Hall Ridgefield Park, NJ

## JACQUES C. SCHIFF, JR., INC.



Est. 1947 Licensed \& Bonded Auctioneers


## More New Zealand Errors Again Joseph Monteiro

The stamps of New Zealand, like the country, are quite fascinating. It has an impressive list of achievements to its name - a country of pioneers with a 'can do' attitude that insists there are no such things as non-solvable real problems; merely solutions. For instance, in 1893, New Zealand was the first country in the world to introduce the vote for the women, and almost a century later the first to declare itself 'nuclear free'. Other firsts in their bag are splitting the atom in 1919, achieving powered flight in 1903, inventing the jet boat in 1953 and conquering Mount Everest in the same year. It is no wonder that they claim the name 'Clever Kiwis'. It has also led the way, at times, in philately. It is perhaps the first country to continuously issue stamps to promote health since 1929 and to introduce new, interesting philatelic products. It recently introduced two firsts in the use of printing technology on stamps: Action Replay stamps and Scratch and Smell stamps.

In this article, modern errors offered for sale with their illustrations by J. R. Mowbray (Philatelist) in his auctions from January 2004 to June 2003 [1] and not covered in my previous articles on New Zealand errors [2] are examined.

## Printing Errors

The printing errors that were offered for sale range from: missing inscriptions, missing colours, double colours and print shifts. These errors are found in the printing of most modern multi-colour stamps requiring colour separation and multiple plates.
Missing Inscription
Three interesting errors with missing inscription were noted in the above mentioned auction catalogues. Two were definitive stamps and one was a commemorative stamp. Missing inscriptions and parts of the design on the stamp occur when its printing requires one or more plates. Often the stamp is not sent to receive the impression of one of the plates resulting in the missing of the inscription or parts of the design. Occasionally, the error can occur if one sheet of stamps gets stuck on top of another when one of the impressions of the plate is being applied. In this latter case, if it involves embossing, faint signs of the missing value or design appear on the paper of the stamp with the error.

## Definitives

The definitive error with the missing inscription was the \$3 Yellow Admiral Butterfly stamp from the 1996 Butterfly definitive series. The error consisted of the missing border and the inscription. The missing green border encloses the butterfly and the background. The missing grey inscription can be described as the name of the country 'New Zealand' at the top left and the inscription at the bottom both outside the border enclosing the butterfly. The auction catalogue described this error as: "1996 \$3 Butterfly grey (wording) \& green (border) omitted, CP PC 24bz Cat \$1100. MUH. ... Est. \$875" [12]. The error is quite stunning.

The second definitive error from the Sixth Pictorial issue is the $10 ¢$ Queen Elizabeth II stamp, it is quite unique. This is The EFO Collector
of the plate containing the inscription. This could happen if the partially printed pane was not sent to receive the impression of the plate with the inscription that was missed or because of a paper fold that occurred before the printing of the plate with the inscription that was missed.

## Missing Colour

Two distinctive errors with missing colour were noted. One was a definitive stamp and the other was a commemorative stamp. Missing colours generally occur during the colour separation process when one of the colour separation steps were missed resulting in the missing colour. It could also occur if there was insufficient ink to create the final colour of the stamp or if the computer device controlling the flow of ink to the printer was turned off before all the stamps were fully printed.


Figure 2: Missing color errors: Left: 1 © Red Admiral Butterfly stamp. Right: 3d Christmas stamp.
Definitives:
The Red Admiral Butterfly $1 \$$ stamp was found with the red colour missing. The red colour from the wings of the butterfly is missing, it appears quite distinctive when compared with the normally printed stamps. The auction catalogue described this error as: "1973 1c Butterfly, missing red, no wmk CP P2cx. Cat \$600. MUH. ... Est. \$450" [6].
Commemoratives:
To celebrate Christmas in 1966, New Zealand Post released a 3d stamp. Some of these stamps were printed with the red colour missing on the stamp. The auction catalogue which offered this stamp for sale described it as: "1966 3d Christmas, red colour missing. CP SC7ay. Cat \$600. Mint. Est. $\$ 400$ " [8].
Double/Triple Print
Two definitive stamps and two commemoratives with a double print (with illustrations) were offered for sale. The likely reason for the double print errors is that the plate applying the inscription applied it twice or there was a slight movement when the plate was being applied.
Definitives:
The 25\$ Hauraki Gulf Maritime Park double print error from the Fifth Pictorial Issue shows a double impression of the black and purple colours. It was described in the auction catalogue as: "1971 25¢ Hauraki Gulf Park, double impression, black and purple colours - variety. CP P17a(Z). Cat $\$ 150$. MUH. ... Est. \$125" [7]. The 70\$ Paradise Shelduck from the 1988-93 definitive bird series was also found with the black impression ‘New Zealand $\$ 1.00$ ’ tripled. The auction catalogue
described it as: "1988 70\$ Paradise Shelduck, single from upper right sheet corner (with sheet value), variety triple impression of black. Only 1 sheet found. CP PC 17az. Cat \$300+. MUH. ... Est \$200" [6].


Figure 3: Double/triple print errors: Clockwise from top left: 25¢ Hauraki Gulf Maritime Park issue, 70¢ Paradise Shelduck stamp, 10¢ Sea Urchin stamp.

Commemoratives:
In 1979, New Zealand Post issued three stamps to promote health. A few copies of the $10 \$+2 \Phi$ Sea Urchin stamp was found with the green inscription at the top and bottom of the stamp doubled. The auction catalogue described this error as: "1979 10\$ Marine Environment se tenant horiz pair, 10\$ Sea Urchin with green doubly printed. CP T51by. Cat \$200. MUH. ... Est. \$150" [6]. The doubling is visible with the naked eye.

In 1991, a set of seven stamps was issued by New Zealand Post to celebrate Christmas. One stamp from this set, the $\$ 1$ Crown, was found with the black print 'New Zealand $\$ 1.00$ ' doubled. The auction catalogue described the error as: "1991 \$1 Christmas, variety double black print, other colours slightly misplaced. MUH. Not listed CP. Est. \$275" [6].


Figure 4: Double print error: $\$ 1$ Crown stamp.

## Print Shift

Print shifts often make interesting conversation pieces, as they are typically quite striking. The shift may occur with respect to one colour or more or with respect to the inscription. It is not difficult to see how this could occur. If the printing process requires two different plates to create the design or the colour on the stamp, the sheets of stamps have to be fed to the printer twice. If after the first impression the partially printed pane is not fed correctly, it can cause the print or inscription or design and colour impression of the second plate to be shifted.

Definitives:
The three definitive print shifts that were offered for sale were from the Fifth Pictorial Issue. All of them are quite impressive: the first is a shift of the inscription, the second is a shift of the design, and the third is a shift of the colour. The print shift on the Magpie Moth definitive is interesting since the surcharge was applied incorrectly. As a result, the value surcharged in black appears at the bottom instead of the top of the stamp and the bars that were meant to deface the original 2 $1 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$ value on the stamp appears at the top of the stamp, leaving the stamp with two values. "1971 $4 \Phi$ on $21 / 2$ Magpie Moth, photogravure surcharge block of 4 with top selvedge showing ' $4 ¢$ ' at lower left of stamps, bars at top right plus $4 \mathbb{C}$ surcharge in top selvedge. Scarce multiple. CP p30au,t. Cat \$1700. MUH. ... Est. \$1,200" [11]. The reason for the print shift is because the plate applying the surcharge imprinted the sheet one centimeter higher than it should have been applied. As a result, the first part of the surcharge (i.e., $4 \Phi$ ) appeared on the selvedge and not on the stamp, the bottom part of the surcharge (i.e., the bars to deface the original values) appeared one centimeter above the value.


Figure 5: Print shift error: 4¢ shifted surcharge.
The second print shift, 1\$ Red Admiral Butterfly, has the outer design of the butterfly shifted down and it cuts the white inscription below. It has been described in the auction catalogue as: "1973 1¢ Butterfly, no wmk, major (2mm+) shifts of red and background sepia, block of 4, not listed by CP. Striking. MUH. ... Est. \$200" [13].

The third print shift, the 7¢ Leather Jacket (a fish), has the bistre colour shifted to the right and up leaving the mouth of the fish white and black. The auction catalogue describes this error as: "1973 7c Leather Jacket, no wmk, block of 4, with major shift of bistre colour. CP P9b. MUH. ... Est. \$250" [7].

## Perforating Errors

The perforating errors fall into four basic groups:

- fully imperforate,
- part imperforate,
- misperforated,
- double perforated.

There are also other perforating errors, such as misaligned perfs, small perfs or large perfs. A review of the auction catalogues for the period mentioned above indicates that not
many perforating errors were offered for sale. The only perforating error offered for sale was a misperforated error.


Figure 6: Print shift errors: Left: 1¢ Admiral Butterfly. Right: 7¢ Leather Jacket.

## Misperforated

In 2000, New Zealand issued a set of six stamps to encourage sports at the Sydney Olympics. During the perforating process, it appears that a few of these stamps were misperforated. The horizontal perforations were shifted $5-6 \mathrm{~mm}$ down on the $40 \oplus$ Running stamp, the $\$ 1.10$ Cycling stamp and the $\$ 1.20$ Triathlon stamp. The auction catalogue describes these misperforated errors as: "2000 Sydney Olympics, 40థ Running, \$1.10 Cycling, \$1.20 Triathlon, each with similar 56 mm horiz. perf displacement error, leaving 'New Zealand' and date (complete) at bottom instead of top of stamp. MUH. Unlisted by CP. Striking. ... Est. \$1,400" [3]. This error is interesting because the inscription 'New Zealand' and the value in white which should have appeared at the top now appears at the bottom of the stamp because the perforation is shifted down. In other words, as a result of the misperforation, the inscription which should have appeared at the top of the stamp appears at the bottom. In addition, the selvedge at the top has the cut off inscription and design. If one did not have prior knowledge of the design of the stamp, a philatelist would not be able to identify the misperforated stamp as an error.


Figure 7: Misperforation error: \$1.10 Cycling stamp.

## Conclusion

In sum, the printing and perforating errors that have been described are interesting and the illustrations should provide ample testimony to this. Most of these errors are printing errors. Printing errors are the most glamorous aspect of philately. The discovery of such errors usually results in sensational news. It often gets reported in the major daily newspapers of the country where the errors occur and certainly in all major philatelic magazines. Printing errors make exceptional show and conversation pieces and some are even classified as gems of philately.

The basic emphasis in this article has been to logically explain how they occurred. In other words, an analytical and educational approach to this sub-market of philately is being emphasized. The next step in this analytical framework would be to classify all the errors into various sub groups and to apply our body of knowledge to this group, a methodology that is applied in the study of Abstract Algebra. It will make the study of errors in philately much more intellectually rewarding and satisfying.

## Bibliography

[1] Postal Stamp Auction catalogues 321-339.

## A Peculiar Offset (continued from page 5)

However, there is an additional complication in this case. These wrappers were printed in sheets, typically 10 to a sheet. As a matter of fact, in some countries (Bavaria, Austria and Switzerland, for example), they were sold to the public in sheets. The purchaser would then use a pair of scissors to cut the wrappers apart and use them one at a time (As an aside, in some cases, multiple wrappers were used uncut when it was necessary to mail something that required the franking value provided by multiple wrappers).

In this case, it is safe to assume that they were printed several to a sheet. You will notice that the wrapper is precanceled. The precancel would also be applied before the wrappers were cut apart. They were cut apart either before or after the address labels had been applied (I am tempted to think that the mailing labels would be applied before they were cut apart, but I have never encountered a mailing label partially mutilated by a cutting apparatus).

If the offset had occurred before the sheet was folded, then the offset would have been directly at the back of the existing indicium, subject, perhaps, to some shifting, if the upper sheet was not placed precisely on the top of the lower sheet. But, as the picture on this page shows, the offset is not on the back of the sheet. If one imagines that the sheet is not folded and glued to create a wrapper, but open, then the offset would be on the same side of the sheet as the indicium.

The only conclusion I can come to is that the indicium was printed after the sheets had been folded to create a container into which the newsletter was inserted. So, the order of the production steps was:
i. Fold a sheet of paper intended for a number of wrappers,
[2] Monteiro, Joseph: New Zealand Errors, The EFO Collector, Vol. XXVI, No. 2, October-December 2007, pp. 7-13, and More New Zealand Errors, The EFO Collector, Vol. XXVII, No. 1, July-September 2008, pp. 7-10.
[3] Major International Stamp Auction, No. 11, 2003.
[4] Monteiro, Joseph, "Philately - The Need For An Analytical And Educational Approach," The Canadian Philatelist, Volume 51, Number 3, May-June 2000, pp. 107-110; Monteiro, Joseph, "Error, Freaks and Oddities," The EFO Collector, Volume XIX, No. 6, Spring 1998, pp. 20-25; and Monteiro, Joseph, "Classifying Errors, Freaks and Oddities is a Logical Approach Warranted?," Corgi Times, The Elizabethan II Study Group Newsletter, Volume VI, Issue No. 6, May-June 1998, pp. 98-101; and Monteiro, Joseph, "Mr. Monteiro Answers," The EFO Collector, Volume XXIII, No. 4, January-March 2004, pp. 4-6.
[5] Postal Stamp Auction, December 2004, No. 339.
[6] Postal Stamp Auction, November 2004, No. 338.
[7] Postal Stamp Auction, October 2004, No. 337.
[8] Postal Stamp Auction, September 2004, No. 336.
[9] Postal Stamp Auction, August 2004, No. 335.
[10] Postal Stamp Auction, July 2004, No. 334.
[11] Postal Stamp Auction, June 2004, No. 333.
[12] Postal Stamp Auction, May 2004, No. 332.
[13] Postal Stamp Auction, April 2004, No. 331.
[14] Postal Stamp Auction, March 2004, No. 330.
[15] Postal Stamp Auction, February 2004, No. 329.
[16] Postal Stamp Auction, January 2004, No. 328.
[17] Postal Stamp Auction, December 2003, No. 327.
[18] Postal Stamp Auction, November 2003, No. 326.
[19] Postal Stamp Auction, October 2003, No. 325.
[20] Postal Stamp Auction, September 2003, No. 324.
[21] Postal Stamp Auction, August 2004, No. 323.
[22] Postal Stamp Auction, July 2003, No. 322.
[23] Postal Stamp Auction, June 2003, No. 321.

ii. Print the indicium,
iii. Print the precancel,
iv. Cut the individual wrappers apart,
v. Stuff the newsletters into the wrappers and put them in the mailstream.

I was somewhat surprised by the conclusion that the indicium would be printed on papers already folded and glued. I would have thought that it would have been simpler to create printing presses that can print on an unfolded sheet of paper. I would have expected that the folding and gluing to create wrappers to be steps that follow the printing steps.

So, here comes now my philosophical angle: Do you think that the person who inserted a newsletter into this wrapper and put it into the mailstream was aware of the offset and did not care, or do you think it was oversight that a "defective" wrapper was used?

## British East Africa: The "On India" Errors (Part 2)

## George T. Krieger

## Broken Characters

The fonts used were an alloy of lead, tin, and antimony that is fairly easily damaged. Mentioned previously in conjunction with other errors were a broken top of the B in "British", a in "East" and f in "Africa". As the printers noticed the damage they often replaced the broken characters. Under-inking and temporary obstructions can appear to be broken characters. The following are seen on multiple values proving they are constant errors through at least a portion of the printings.

## Broken $t$ in "East"

This is characterized by separations in the vertical stroke. From sheet position 7 .


Broken t in East, sheet position 7.


Broken hook on r in Africa, sheet position 3.

Broken Hook on rin "Africa"
The broken r looks almost like an 'i' without a dot. Broken hook on $r$ in "British"

The broken r looks almost like an ' i ' without a dot. Sheet position 3.


Raised and dropped letters with sheet positions.

## Raised and Dropped Characters

Loosening of the form that held the type in later printings or incorrect placement of the wooden spacers in the early printings allowed characters to be above or below proper alignment with adjacent characters.

In the early printings there were a dropped B in "British" and separately a dropped $h$ in "British".

In the fifth and final printing, the five low values, $1 / 2$ to $21 / 2$ annas, the frame loosened until the $t$ in "East" fell out of position 24 on the $21 / 2$ annas, as noted previously. Prior to this the right hand marginal row had the $t$ in "East" seemingly floating along with the a in "Africa". In position 24, both are dropped, in position 36 the $t$ is slanting with the a raised and in position 36 the $t$ is raised. Strips of four stamps, with the Inverted s in "British" in position 60, are known from two values, the 2 and $21 / 2$ annas.

From sheet position 7 .


Raised tin East.


Left: Dropped h in "British". Right: Dropped B in "British".

## Summary of Errors

| Variety | Sheet Position |
| :--- | :---: |
| Inverted V for A in "Africa" \& B in "British" dropped | 1 |
| Broken hook r in "British" | 3 |
| Missing sh in "British" | 6 |
| Broken t in "East" | 7 |
| Missing a in "East" | 10 |
| 1 for i in "Africa" | 11 |
| Dropped a in "Africa" \& t in "East" | 24 |
| Antique c in "Africa" | 28 |
| Slanting t in "East" \& raised a in "Africa" | 36 |
| Raised t in "East" | 48 |
| Inverted s in "British" | 60 |
| Inverted V for A in "Africa" | 79 |
| Small t in "East" | 108 |
| 1 for i in "British" | 120 |



In addition, examples of wider than normal spacing between characters are known for all three words in the overprint.


## Errors on Rupee-Denominated Stamps

## Double Overprints

One sideways: One sheet of the 1 rupee was inserted into the press rotated 90 degrees from normal and overprinted. The printers tried unsuccessfully to remove the overprint and then correctly applied the overprint.

Albino overprints: Albino overprints are from impressions made without ink. It is believed that these were done to check out alignment prior to production. Double overprints with one being an albino impression are known on the $1 / 2$ anna, 3 annas, 6 annas and 1 rupee stamps.


One rupee with a second, sideways overprint.


Six anna value with double overprint. one of which is albino. The albino overprint can be more easily seen when inspecting the back of the stamp.


5 rupee value with a 1 mm offset double overprint, the so-called "maximum double".

Large Format Rupee Varieties (2, 3 and 5 Rupees)
The large format rupee values were printed in sheets of 96 (12 rows of 8 ); each sheet contained 8 panes of 12 stamps ( 3 rows of 4 ). The make-up of the overprinting form, and thus sheet position of the errors, is unknown since few multiples remain and none are known larger than 4 stamps. Varieties exist on all three values unless noted.

## Wrong Font

## Antique c in Africa

This error occurs in the lower right corner stamp of a pane as proved by an example with inter-panneau selvedge.

## Antique r in Africa

This error is only known on two used examples of the 2 rupee value.

## Antique r in British

This error is known on the 3 and 5 rupees

## Broken Characters

## Cross Bar Missing in t in British

## Top Serif Missing in s in British

## Broken left of B in British and Left Leg of A in Africa

## Handstamped B in British

The broken B in British continued to deteriorate and a B was handstamped over the broken character. The handstamped B is known doubled on the 2 and 5 rupees. Handstamped B are very rare with only 6 examples recorded: 4 on the 5 rupees ( 2 each unused and used) and one each on unused copies of the 2 and 3 rupees.


Double Overprints
Clear doubling of the overprint is known on the 5 rupees with 11 copies recorded.

Double overprints with one albino are known on the 3 and 5 rupees stamps.

## 2½ Annas Surcharge

The single weight letter rate to most foreign countries was $21 / 2$ annas and there was an insufficient supply of this value to meet demand. Postmaster Remington had the 1 anna 6 pies value surcharged in December 1895.

Many of the varieties of the overprint British East Africa on the value to 1 rupee have been seen on the surcharged stamp: Br1tish, Afr1ca, inverted s in British and dropped $h$ in British. In addition there are varieties of the surcharge that was printed in red ink.

The surcharge was done with a setting of 5 rows of 12 applied twice per sheet or 120 stamps. Thus constant varieties of the surcharge occur twice per sheet. Interestingly all the constant varieties occur in the bottom (fifth row) of the setting.


Antique s in "British" reported only in the top three rupee values. Inverted 1 in Fraction

This error occurs twice per sheet, seventh stamp in the fifth and tenth rows.

## Roman I for 1 in Fraction

This error occurs twice per sheet, sixth stamp in the fifth and tenth rows.

## Broken Tail to 2 in Fraction

This error occurs twice per sheet, tenth stamp in the fifth and tenth rows.


Top left: Inverted 1 on fraction of $\mathbf{2}^{1 ⁄ 2}$ surcharge. Top right: Inverted s and dropped $h$ in "British". Above: Roman numeral I for 1 in fraction ((left stamp).

## Invert and Mirror Image Grid Errors on the Neopost Stamps John Ryskamp

Editor's Note: The following article initially appeared in the July 200t issue of U. S. Stamp News. We thank John Ryskamp and U.S. Stamp News for permission to reprint it.

The graph encryption (hereinafter the "grid") on the Neopost webenabled stamps performs the same function as the grill on classic U.S. stamps. It is a security feature. In the case of the grill, it is to prevent reuse of the stamp. In the case of the grid, it is to trace the purchaser and place of purchase of the stamp.

Here we announce a mirror image and mirror image invert errors on the Neopost stamps.

The Neopost webenabled four-stamp sheet stamps (CVP39-CVP42) were the first (and-along with the Neopost ten-stamp sheets stamps, CVP43-CVP53-are still the only) regular tete-beche United States stamps. This arrangement caused problems in orienting the grid and led to major errors.

Easily $90 \%$ of the four-stamp sheets show the disposition of the grid displayed in Figure 1, a sheet from the test kiosk in Warrenton (which, despite the appearance of this sheet, never dispensed stamps to the public). Note that the left stamps present a rough edge of the grid to the flag (arrow, magnified inset of lower left grid), with straight edges at top and right. The right stamps present a straight edge to the flag, with rough edges at top and right.


The orientation of the grid could be manipulated, at least on a column basis (left and right column). The orientation in Figure 1 was not the intended orientation of the grid on the four-stamp sheet Neopost stamps. On both the "circle of stars" design (not yet listed in Scott) and the "eagle and stars" design (CVP41-CVP42, which should precede CVP39-CVP40, since CVP41-CVP42 were issued earlier), grids in both columns
present a straight edge to the design, with rough edges at top and right when the design is viewed right side up, as shown in this lightly printed [computer enhanced here] sheet of CVP42 (Figure 2, with straight edges more visible than rough edges).


Figure 2.
However, when the flag design was introduced after the short-lived "eagle and stars" design, the grid was not correctec for the stamps in the left column, as shown in CVP40 (Figure 3 ). Instead, the grid is now a combination invert and mirroi image; about half of the 140 extant examples of CVP40 shov this double error. That it was an error is revealed in a late


Figure 3.

## Reward yourself with the security of a Philatelic Foundation Certificate The "gold standard" of certificates for over 60 years



# New 15-Day Express Service for Philatelic Foundation Certificates 

Quick turn-around time is important to you - so we've introduced Express Service to reduce your wait. Now our team of experts will study your stamps or covers in as little as 15 business days and return them to you with a Philatelic Foundation certificate you can trust. As a collector, you know this is great news - traditional service typically takes 30 days or more elsewhere.

## Submit Your Stamps Today - Visit Our Website for a Simplified Form

Call 1-212-221-6555 or visit or website at www.PhilatelicFoundation.org today to download a submission form for single or multiple items. Fill out the one-page form and send it to us with your stamps or covers. Request Express Service and your stamps or covers will be returned in 15 business days. For your convenience, Standard, Priority and Supersaver Service are also available - all backed by our unparalleled reputation for excellence.


The Philatelic Foundation
70 West 40th Street, 15th Floor
New York, NY 10018
(212) 221-6555
www.PhilatelicFoundation.org

## Pages From My Exhibit - Alvaro Pacheco

We continue showing those pages from the single frame exhibit of the Chile 1c Telegraph Stamp Surcharges of 1904 by Member Alvaro Pacheco that focus on errors. Nine of the sixteen pages depict errors. In this issue, we show the last three of the nine pages.

## CHILE 1904 TELEGRAPH STAMPS SURCHARGE "CORREOS 1 CENTAVO"

## SURCHARGE UP OR DOWN OFF CENTER

Blocks, Strips and Singles



## CHILE 1904 TELEGRAPH STAMPS SURCHARGE "CORREOS 1 CENTAVO"

## DOUBLE SURCHARGE

Blocks, Strips and Singles



# CHILE 1904 TELEGRAPH STAMPS SURCHARGE "CORREOS 1 CENTAVO" 

## OBLIQUE SURCHARGE

Blocks, Strips and Singles


## Perf Orations: Let's Get Organized

## John M. Hotchner <br> Presented with an attractive item to add to your collection,

P.O. Box 1125, Falls Church, VA 22041, jmhstamp@ix.netcom.com
do you hesitate, thinking "Do I already have that?" Nothing puts a damper on enthusiasm like that question. It does not matter whether a significant outlay for you is $\$ 10, \$ 100$, or $\$ 1000$, when you are looking at your wallet, and wondering whether to pull the bills out, the possibility that you have the item already can stop you dead in your tracks.

To avoid this conundrum, get organized! My method is to throw every new acquisition that does not go immediately into an exhibit into a box labeled EFOs. Since I collect all EFOs, the box reaches a state of disorganization after six to eight months.

Generally, before that happens, I sort the contents of the box into a set of about 20 folders that subdivide EFOs into type categories such as creases and folds, misperfs, color misregistrations, cancellation EFOs, etc., and a few devoted to issues, such as Flag-over definitives, and postage dues.

Sooner or later the contents of each folder are added to stock cards in labeled three-ring binders. When a category gets over full, I subdivide. An example would be Misperfs, which subdivide into Horizontal, Vertical, Two-way and Diagonal.

One day I hope to have time to pull out the best examples of each type of EFO and put them on album pages. In the meantime, I have a pretty good idea of what I have from working with the stamps as I get them onward to their proper niche. And what I am not certain about I know where to look to find. A nice side benefit is that I can identify duplicates, or items that I have replaced with better examples, which can go into the EFOCC auction, or are available for trading.

Is there a downside? The time it takes to organize is problematic. Six months of new material may take me a week of stamp time to organize, but the benefits are worth the effort. In addition to the benefits already described there is the enjoyment of working with your material; and collecting should be about more than just amassing material in a box.

And though most of us would probably be content to ignore it, when we go to the great stamp bourse in the sky, we do our heirs and assigns a favor by leaving an organized collection - by your doing that, they are likely to realize a much higher percentage of what you put into it over the years.
If you have a question, or a possible topic for John to cover in a future issue, please write to him at P.O. Box 1125, Falls Church, VA 22041-0125, or email him at jmhstamp@ix.netcom.com.


Figure 5.
This is the disposition of the grids we see in Figure 1, which was retained until Neopost stopped producing four-stamp sheet stamps on June 25, 2002.

Ironically, then, this is not a rare error on CVP39. The reason for choosing to stick with it, is clear enough: holding the grid element steady regardless of the orientation of the design, also made it easier to deal with any potential further moves of the indicia, although there were no further changes either in the design or the arrangement of the indicia. But that could not have been known at the time.

The Neopost mirror image errors are in addition to the unique mirror image on Scott 60X1, the Mt. Lebanon Confederate provisional. The mirror image invert errors are in addition to inverts on Scott 119-121, 294-296, 1610, 2630 and C3.

## President's Message <br> Don David Price <br> ddprice98@hotmail.com

David Hunt, EFOCC Treasurer, wrote me an interesting note recently saying that he had received some mail from the American Philatelic Society which didn't use commemorative stamps. Dave opined that using commemorative stamps is an important aspect of keeping our hobby alive, and asked my opinion. I totally agreed with him; and said I would base part of this column on the subject, to bring to Members' attention the importance of using commemorative stamps on all your correspondence. Sometimes it takes a few minutes longer at the Post Office when you're buying stamps, but it is important to buy and use commemoratives on all of your mail - and save the incoming ones for "Stamps for Wounded Veterans"!

Another project that involves Dave is EFOCC's quest to become a Tax Exempt organization: that is, being designated 501(c)(3) by the Internal Revenue Service. If EFOCC is able to achieve that designation, it can more easily solicit and accept monetary and philatelic donations since they will be tax exempt for the person or organization giving them.

It is vital for EFOCC to be able to raise funding and increase the donated philatelic materials at our auctions, because our income and membership base is not all that large, and expenditures for such things as printing The EFO Collector are rising faster than income that is being generated.

I wanted to inquire of the Membership whether anyone out there is an attorney or CPA with some experience in dealing with the IRS, who would offer to help EFOCC on a voluntary basis with this one project? If you are, please contact either Dave (dhhunt@ptdprolog.net) or myself (ddprice98@hotmail.com) by email. Dave is presently working on our Form 1023 IRS Application for 501(c)(3) status, and can use some assistance from an experienced professional.

The APS AmeriStamp Expo 2009, in Arlington (Dallas), Texas, February $20-22$, 2009, a special World Series of Philately Exhibition, is a wonderful opportunity to see awardwinning and novice stamp exhibits, many featuring EFO rarities; to visit a large dealer bourse with stamps for sale (and being purchased) in every category imaginable; to meet the leaders of the philatelic community, and to partake in more philatelic activities than you can imagine.

There's an Awards Banquet; a Writer's Breakfast; the Tiffany Dinner; a $\$ 15$ cost Adult Beginner Course (where you, or a novice in your family, can learn about soaking, identification, catalogues, tools and more in a relaxed-learning environment); and a six-hour Boy Scout Merit Badge session (where Scouts can complete the requirements for the Stamp Collecting Merit Badge). Numerous Societies hold annual and periodic meetings, virtually all of which are open to public viewing. These meetings are the backbone of our hobby, and
where you can really learn about what is happening in philately, and why.

The APS will hold its semi-annual General meeting where you'll meet its newly elected President, Wade Saadi; Peter Mastrangelo, APS Executive Director; Barbara Boal, Editor of the American Philatelist; Ken Martin, Deputy Executive Director of APS; Dana Guyer, Director of Shows and Exhibitions; and many more of the APS Administrative and volunteer Staff. These are the people who make our hobby run so efficiently - and it is a wonderful opportunity to go right up to any of them, say your name and shake their hand. They'll welcome your cordiality, and they are all very well-informed and friendly philatelists.

If you've never attended a National Show of this caliber, it is something you should certainly do to enhance your knowledge and exposure in the hobby; and if you've been to one previously, you won't want to miss AmeriStamp Expo 2009, in Arlington, Texas, because this Show will be a one-of-a-kind rarity.

I'll be there viewing and exhibiting and would enjoy meeting any EFOCC Members who attend also; so let me know if you plan to be there and we'll set-up a Meeting Room or a table or a social event, or just walk around together and see some very interesting philately.

I will close by wishing you Happy Holidays and a Bountiful New Year.

Don David Price, President

## Treasurer's Report David Hunt dhhunt@ptdprolog.net

Report for the Quarter July 1 - September 30, 2008


| Beginning balance: July 1, 2008 |  |  | \$6343.30 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income | Dues | \$783.00 |  |
|  | Transfer from Life Member Fund | \$215.00 |  |
| Expenses | Printing Jul-Sep issue | (\$702.08) |  |
|  | Mailing Jul-Sep issue | (\$303.73) |  |
|  | Miscellaneous mailing expenses, incl. international mailing | (\$101.37) |  |
|  | Transfer to Life Member Fund | (\$420.00) |  |

Ending balance: September 30, 2008
\$5814.12

Respectfully submitted, David H. Hunt, Treasurer

# Secretary's Report 

Stan Raugh
trex@bigplanet.com

## New Member

Sidney S. Locke 1400
112 Beaver Dam Road
Columbia, SC 29223-3102
New Life Member
Mr. Truman Roper, formerly Member \#854, is our newest Life Member, LM0039. Glad to add you to the Group and thanks for your commitment.

## Notes

William W. Weiss, Jr., of P. O. Box 5358, Bethlehem, PA 18105, formerly Member 1293, won a year's membership for his first place EFOCC Award at StampShow 2008. His exhibit was "U. S. Postal Card Errors 1881-1991". Hope you enjoy your membership, Bill. Perhaps you could grace us with an article on your specialty.

## EFOCC Member Post

Members are entitled to three free listings per year. Please mail or e-mail requests to Editor. See page 4 for submission form.


Wanted: 20¢ regulars, 1981-1985, showing EFOs, Truman, Bunche, Gallaudet, Capitol/"C" envelopes, "C" nondenominateds, Fire Pumper and official, Consumer Education, on/off cover, Tim Lindemuth, 500 Denison Ave., Manhattan, KS 66502, TimLind@ksu.edu.
WANTED: Information regarding the whereabouts of the imperforate block of 4, Scott 1039, 6\$ Theodore Roosevelt, Liberty Series, and/or information about other imperf copies of Scott 1039. Joann Lenz, PO Box 296, Sterling Hts., MI 48311; joann@stampsjoann.net. (Editor's note: I don't have it...)
BEST OFFER for intact roll of 100 imperf 29\$ Flag over Whitehouse, S2609a; Plate \#4 at Nos. 13 and 61. Tagged, superior centering of vignette and numbers. J. H. Peters, kjsp42me@cs.com or 408-252-4534.
1977 Butterfly Error, Scott 1712-5, mint, XF, bottom row oversize, plate strip of 10 (2x), used single on piece, color repro available, best offer for all, J. H. Peters, kjsp42me@cs.com. See page 23 for illustration.

## Help With Members' New Projects

Members are entitled to three free listings per year. Please mail or e-mail requests to Editor. See page 4 for submission form.
I am looking for collectors to correspond/study the EFOs of all 1981-1985 20¢ regulars/coils/stamped envelopes. Tim Lindemuth, 500 Denison Ave., Manhattan, KS 66502, TimLind@ksu.edu.



## LARGE STOCK OF EFO'S!! SOME SAMPLES



841 Leader strip - \$18. (We have many in the Prexie Series - Call.)


842 variety, miscut line strip of 5 showing plate \# - \$45.

## ORDER TOLL FREE 1-800-231-5926



C91-92 Shift and normal - \$50.

Our Auctions feature a nice selection of Errors \& Varieties. Request a FREE catalog or view all lots in color at shpauctions,com


RW60a MISSING BLACK ENGRAVED, NH, with PSE Cert. Scott $\mathbf{\$ 3 , 0 0 0}$.

Now - \$2,495.


804, 806-807 Booklet panes with numbers Set - \$45. Others available.


FL24 2002 "Wrong Way" Duck Error! Set of two - \$49.95

Bob Dumaine - EFOCC Member
P.O. Box 820087, Houston, TX 77282

We accept Visa, MasterCard, Discover, Amex
Please add $\$ 1.50$ shipping, Texas residents add $8.25 \%$ sales tax.

## EFOCC Auction Rules for Consignors

## Preparing Lots

Please use a blank form from a recent copy of the EFO Collector. Photocopies are fine. Please use a separate form for each lot.
Secure each lot to the front of the form; attach large lots to the reverse side. Protect all items with mounts, glassine, etc., and stiffeners, if necessary, but be sure item/items can be easily removed by Auction Director for examination and/or photographing. Do not use staples. Attach each item so that the description can be easily read. A simple and easy way to mount lots is to do so on dealer sales cards, or in glassines mounted face down for easy removal.
Include a reserve (minimum bid) or write "none". Lots may be revised to accurately describe items; or returned if necessary. Your name and EFOCC number must be on the consignment form, however, to preserve anonymity, these are removed from the consignment sheet before sending item to successful bidders.
Send consignments to J. E. McDevitt, 3561 Country Ct. N, Mobile, AL 36619-5335. Use insured or registered U. S. Mail.

## Consignor Fees

Consignor commission is $10 \%$ of the hammer price, with a minimum bid of 50 cents per lot.
Unsold lots incur a 50 cent fee per lot, and the consignor pays return postage and insurance.
Expenses and printing constraints make it impractical to picture every lot, especially those which are large in size. The EFOCC will exercise discretion in picturing lots.

## Consignor Special Instructions

To save postage and labor, EFOCC can automatically re-submit unsold lots with lower minimums in a future auction, if you instruct EFOCC clearly what to do.
If you send duplicate or very similar lots, it is consignor's responsibility to state clearly if you would like to have these placed in different sales. Generally, EFOCC places all items received in the same sale to minimize paperwork.

## Consignment/Payment Timing'

EFOCC receives consignments continually and prepares them for subsequent sales, roughly on a first-in/first-out basis. However, large lots may be spread over several auctions.
After the close of each sale, unsold lots are offered to bidders on a first come-first served basis for $\$ 1$ over the reserve with no buyer's commission or postage. This increases total sales, makes more bidders happy, and sells more lots for consignors, all for very little additional effort.
EFOCC needs approximately one month after auction's closing date to determine successful bidders, prepare and mail invoices, mail lots, receive payment from winners, list after sale lots and accept their offers, etc., etc. Thus, consignors can expect to receive payment about four to six weeks after an auction closes.

## EFOCC Auction Rules for Bidders

## How to Bid

Please bid on a consignment form from a recent EFO Collector. A photocopy is fine. Include your EFOCC membership number. For new bidders and non-EFOCC members, please include your APS membership number. Sign your bid sheet to acknowledge acceptance of the EFOCC auction rules; unsigned forms can not be accepted. Submit bids to CWO Jim McDevitt, 3561 Country Ct. N, Mobile, AL 366195335, e-mail to cwouscg@aol.com.
Bidding Precautions
Minimum bids are not estimates, but are true reserves established by the consignors. Bids below the listed reserve will not be accepted.
Bidders are responsible for inaccurate bids. Bids do not have to be typed, but, please, be sure numbers and amounts are clearly legible. Confirm phone and e-mail bids with a written bid sheet.
Auction Bid Increments
Please use the following increments when bidding and/or assigning reserves to

| Bid Level | Increment |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 1$ to $\$ 9.99$ | $\$ 0.50$ |
| $\$ 10$ to $\$ 49$ | $\$ 1.00$ |
| $\$ 50$ to $\$ 99$ | $\$ 2.50$ |
| $\$ 100$ to | $\$ 5.00$ |
| $\$ 500$ and up | $\$ 10.00$ |

consignments. Lots are sold to the highest bidder at one advance over the second highest bid.
EFOCC reduces non-conforming bids to the next lower increment. For example, a bid of $\$ 39.50$ will be entered as $\$ 39.00$.

## Special Bidding Instructions

As the EFOCC auction is a small auction, special instructions can not be easily accommodated. EFOCC can not accept "BUY" bids, nor "INCREASE BY...\%" bids. Please, make your final, best, and highest bid and you will get the lot at the lowest price available.

## Bidders' Payments

A $10 \%$ buyer's premium is added to the hammer price of each lot. Buyers pay postage, plus insurance on lots valued at over $\$ 10.00$.
Payment is due upon receipt of invoice. If you will be out of town for a while just after an auction closes, or are moving to your summer home about that time, please let EFOCC know at the time you place your bids.

## Returning Lots

Within five (5) days of receipt of awarded lots, you may return any lot which is not described correctly provided such lot is still in its original condition. If an expertising certificate is a condition of bidding, please inform EFOCC of this before auction closes.
One Final Request
Please bid generously on donation lots whose monies go entirely to the benefit of the EFOCC.


| 28 | 804 | 14 Washington, block/4, misperforated and inking smear |  | \$8.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 29 | 825 | 20¢ Garfield, blk/8, dble paper, back/front splice, rejection mark on gum |  | \$30.00 |
| 30 | 1906 | 17¢ Electric Auto, pnc coil strip/5, miscut to show $100 \%$ of plate \# 3 |  | \$18.00 |
| 31 | 740 | $1 ¢$ Yosemite, mint pair w/corner fold and crazy perforations |  | \$40.00 |
| 32 | C35 | 15\$ airmail, block/4, two-way perforation shift |  | \$15.00 |
| 33 | 2261a | 16.7¢ Pop Corn Wagon, miscut, imperfed coil pair |  | \$120.00 |
| 34 | 2121a | 22¢ Sea Shell booklet, both mint panes have a disappearing "2" |  | \$50.00 |
| 35 | 1400 | 21¢ Giannini, mint single, misperfed to right, change-of-design |  | \$8.00 |
| 36 | 2115F | 22¢ Flag o/Capitol, imperf mint pair | \$15.00 | \$5.00 |
| 37 | 1035 | 3¢ Liberty, nice guttersnipe |  | \$3.00 |
| 38 | 1509 | 10¢ crossed flags, pair with nice blue ink streak |  | \$4.00 |
| 39 | $2115 f$ | 22¢ Capitol, imperf pair |  | \$8.00 |
| 40 | 2904c | Non-profit, imperf pair, cut close on left | \$450.00 | \$135.00 |
| 41 | 1897Ac | 2¢ Locomotive, imperf pair | \$50.00 | \$25.00 |
| 42 | 1891a | 18¢ Flag o/light house, Imperf pair | \$20.00 | \$10.00 |
| 43 | 1391 | Maine Lighthouse, pair, top stamp has red ink blob left of oil house |  | \$3.00 |
| 44 | 1729a | 13¢ Valley Forge, imperf pair, thin and gum disturbance | \$75.00 | \$14.00 |
| 45 | 1625a | 13¢ Flag o/Independence Hall, imperf pair | \$23.00 | \$11.00 |
| 46 | 1618b | 15¢ Flag, imperf pair, miscut | \$25.00 | \$9.00 |
| 47 | 1895d | 20¢ Flag o/Supreme Court, imperf pair | \$9.00 | \$5.00 |
| 48 | 3466 | 34¢ Liberty, misperfed pair |  | \$10.00 |
| 49 | 1613 | 3.1\$ Guitar, misperfed pair - RARE! |  | \$15.00 |
| 50 | 2904c | Non-profit, imperfed pair w/plate number | \$450.00 | \$250.00 |
| 51 | 2609a | 29¢ Flag o/White House, Imperf pair | \$15.00 | \$8.00 |
| 52 | 1206 | 4¢ Lamp of Knowledge, single, wonderful upward black color shift |  | \$25.00 |
| 53 | 1906 | 17¢ Electric Auto, miscut pair shows bottom of wheels on top |  | \$2.00 |
| 54 | 1615c | 8.4¢ Piano, miscut pair with EE bars |  | \$20.00 |
| 55 | 7402 | 8¢ Eisenhower, misperfed coil pair |  | \$9.00 |
| 56 | 1452 | 6\$ Nat'l Parks, mint single, nice offset of all colors on gum side |  | \$10.00 |
| 57 | 1059Ac | 25¢ Paul Revere, imperfed pair | \$40.00 | \$13.00 |
| 58 | 901a | 3¢ Defense, imperfed pair | \$25.00 | \$9.00 |
| 59 | 2052 | 20¢ Bicentennial, horizontal perforation shift |  | \$4.00 |
| 60 | 1903 | 9.3¢ Mail Wagon, very nicely miscut coil pair |  | \$25.00 |
| 61 | 1618b | 15¢ Flag, imperf pair | \$25.00 | \$12.00 |
| 62 | 1299 | 1\$ Hamilton, very nice misperfed pair |  | \$7.00 |
| 63 | 1610 | \$1 Candle Holder, very nice black color shift down |  | \$15.00 |
| 64 | 1394 | 84 Eisenhower, mint single, two-way perforation shift |  | \$9.00 |
| 65 | 499 | 2¢ Washington, mint single, misperfed |  | \$12.00 |
| 66 | C39 | 6¢ Airmail, mint single, vertical perforation shift |  | \$9.00 |
| 67 | 806 | 2¢ Adams, nice two-way perforation shift |  | \$6.00 |
| 68 | 1608 | \$5 Lamp, large black color shift plus black smear |  | \$22.00 |
| 69 | 1338A | 6¢ Flag o/White House, very nice misperfed coil, partial line |  | \$4.00 |
| 70 | 2281b | $25 ¢$ Honey Bee, engraved black omitted | \$120.00 | \$60.00 |
| 71 | 2523b | 29¢ Flag o/Mt Rushmore, imperfed pair | \$20.00 | \$10.00 |
| 72 | 1338f | 8¢ Flag o/White House, misperfed pair |  | \$6.00 |
| 73 | 1843a | 15¢ Christmas imperfed pair, small crease on bottom | \$60.00 | \$18.00 |
| 74 | 1538-41 | $10 ¢$ Minerals, mint block/4, clear, colorful offset print on gum |  | \$75.00 |
| 75 | 2126b | 6¢ Tricycle, horizontal coil pair, imperforate | \$225.00 | \$170.00 |
| 76 | 2133b | 12.5\$ Pushcart, horizontal coil pair, imperforate | \$45.00 | \$32.00 |
| 77 | 136 | 22¢ Official, coil pair, dull gum finish, w/normal pair APEX cert | \$150.00 | \$95.00 |
| 78 | 1906b | 17¢ Electric Auto, imperforate coil pair | \$160.00 | \$115.00 |
| 79 | 1907a | 18¢ Surrey, imperforate coil pair | \$120.00 | \$95.00 |
| 80 | 1908a | 20¢ Fire Pumper, miscut, imperfed coil pair | \$100.00 | \$75.00 |
| 81 | 1939a | 1981 Christmas Madonna, imperforate coil pair | \$110.00 | \$80.00 |
| 82 | 2463a | 20¢ Cog Railway, imperforate coil pair | \$95.00 | \$65.00 |
| 83 | 1816b | 12¢ Liberty Torch, imperforate coil pair | \$175.00 | \$85.00 |
| 84 | 1820a | B stamp, imperforate coil pair | \$90.00 | \$45.00 |
| 85 | 557 | 5¢ T. Roosevelt, margin pair, imperforate, printer's waste |  | \$30.00 |
| 86 | 2595b | 29\$ Eagle, mint pair from booklet, no die cutting | \$150.00 | \$110.00 |
| 87 | 1801a | 64 F.D.R., coil pair, imperforated between | \$200.00 | \$125.00 |
| 88 | 2607c | 23¢ Pre Sort, imperforate coil pair | \$75.00 | \$55.00 |
| 89 | 3632a | 37¢ Flag, Imperforate coil pair | \$100.00 | \$60.00 |
| 90 | 1297c | 3¢ Parkman, MAJOR miscut, imperforate coil pair |  | \$25.00 |
| 91 | 900a | 2¢ Army Navy, horizontal pair, imperforate between |  | \$20.00 |
| 92 | 1551a | 10¢ Christmas, mint single, buff color omitted, w/normal stamp |  | \$8.00 |
| 93 | 2523b | 29¢ Flag o/Mt Rushmore, imperfed coil pair |  | \$12.00 |





## EFOCC Auction 111 Realizations (Closed June 30 ${ }^{\text {th }}$, 2008)

| Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | nb | 2 | nb | 3 | $\$ 80.00$ | 4 | nb | 5 | nb | 6 | nb | 7 | nb | 8 | $\$ 8.00$ |
| 9 | nb | 10 | nb | 11 | nb | 12 | $\$ 8.00$ | 13 | nb | 14 | nb | 15 | nb | 16 | nb |
| 17 | nb | 18 | nb | 19 | nb | 20 | nb | 21 | nb | 22 | nb | 23 | nb | 24 | nb |
| 25 | nb | 26 | nb | 27 | $\$ 12.00$ | 28 | nb | 29 | nb | 30 | nb | 31 | nb | 32 | nb |
| 33 | nb | 34 | nb | 35 | nb | 36 | nb | 37 | nb | 38 | nb | 39 | $\$ 10.00$ | 40 | nb |
| 41 | nb | 42 | nb | 43 | nb | 44 | nb | 45 | nb | 46 | nb | 47 | nb | 48 | nb |
| 49 | nb | 50 | $\$ 30.00$ | 51 | nb | 52 | nb | 53 | nb | 54 | nb | 55 | nb | 56 | nb |
| 57 | nb | 58 | nb | 59 | nb | 60 | nb | 61 | $\$ 25.00$ | 62 | $\$ 45.00$ | 63 | $\$ 22.00$ | 64 | nb |
| 65 | nb | 66 | nb | 67 | $\$ 8.00$ | 68 | $\$ 8.00$ | 69 | nb | 70 | $\$ 9.00$ | 71 | $\$ 9.00$ | 72 | nb |
| 73 | nb | 74 | nb | 75 | nb | 76 | nb | 77 | nb | 78 | nb | 79 | nb | 80 | nb |
| 81 | nb | 82 | nb | 83 | nb | 84 | nb | 85 | nb | 86 | nb | 87 | nb | 88 | nb |
| 89 | nb | 90 | nb | 91 | $\$ 7.00$ | 92 | nb | 93 | $\$ 23.00$ | 94 | nb | 95 | $\$ 19.00$ | 96 | nb |
| 97 | nb |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

EFOCC Auction 112 Realizations (Closed August 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}, 2008$ )

| Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | nb | 2 | nb | 3 | nb | 4 | nb | 5 | nb | 6 | nb | 7 | nb | 8 | $\$ 20.00$ |
| 9 | nb | 10 | nb | 11 | nb | 12 | $\$ 12.00$ | 13 | nb | 14 | $\$ 70.00$ | 15 | nb | 16 | nb |
| 17 | $\$ 8.00$ | 18 | $\$ 15.00$ | 19 | $\$ 70.00$ | 20 | $\$ 10.00$ | 21 | nb | 22 | nb | 23 | nb | 24 | nb |
| 25 | $\$ 25.00$ | 26 | nb | 27 | nb | 28 | $\$ 25.00$ | 29 | nb | 30 | nb | 31 | nb | 32 | nb |
| 33 | $\$ 10.00$ | 34 | nb | 35 | nb | 36 | $\$ 22.00$ | 37 | nb | 38 | nb | 39 | nb | 40 | nb |
| 41 | $\$ 28.00$ | 42 | $\$ 16.00$ | 43 | nb | 44 | $\$ 110.00$ | 45 | $\$ 60.00$ | 46 | $\$ 40.00$ | 47 | nb | 48 | nb |
| 49 | nb | 50 | nb | 51 | nb | 52 | nb | 53 | $\$ 10.00$ | 54 | $\$ 15.00$ | 55 | nb | 56 | nb |
| 57 | nb | 58 | nb | 59 | nb | 60 | nb | 61 | nb | 62 | nb | 63 | nb | 64 | nb |
| 65 | nb | 66 | nb | 67 | nb | 68 | nb | 69 | $\$ 17.00$ | 70 | nb | 71 | $\$ 10.00$ | 72 | nb |
| 73 | nb | 74 | $\$ 8.00$ | 75 | nb | 76 | nb | 77 | nb | 78 | $\$ 20.00$ | 79 | nb | 80 | nb |
| 81 | $\$ 12.00$ | 82 | nb | 83 | nb | 84 | nb | 85 | nb | 86 | nb | 87 | nb | 88 | nb |
| 89 | nb | 90 | nb | 91 | nb | 92 | nb | 93 | nb | 94 | nb | 95 | nb | 96 | $\$ 70.00$ |
| 97 | nb | 98 | nb | 99 | nb | 100 | nb | 101 | $\$ 20.00$ | 102 | $\$ 80.00$ | 103 | $\$ 30.00$ | 104 | $\$ 25.00$ |
| 105 | nb | 106 | $\$ 20.00$ | 107 | nb | 108 | nb | 109 | nb | 110 | nb | 111 | nb | 112 | nb |
| 113 | $\$ 32.00$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

EFOCC Auction 113 Realizations (Closed December 30 ${ }^{\text {th }}, 2008$ )

| Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer | Lot | Hammer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\$ 8.00$ | 2 | $\$ 8.00$ | 3 | $\$ 7.50$ | 4 | $\$ 10.50$ | 5 | $\$ 8.00$ | 6 | nb | 7 | nb | 8 | nb |
| 9 | $\$ 12.00$ | 10 | $\$ 8.50$ | 11 | $\$ 18.00$ | 12 | nb | 13 | nb | 14 | $\$ 15.00$ | 15 | $\$ 9.00$ | 16 | $\$ 9.00$ |
| 17 | nb | 18 | nb | 19 | nb | 20 | nb | 21 | nb | 22 | nb | 23 | nb | 24 | nb |
| 25 | nb | 26 | nb | 27 | nb | 28 | nb | 29 | nb | 30 | nb | 31 | nb | 32 | $\$ 25.00$ |
| 33 | nb | 34 | nb | 35 | nb | 36 | nb | 37 | nb | 38 | nb | 39 | nb | 40 | nb |
| 41 | $\$ 16.00$ | 42 | nb | 43 | $\$ 160.00$ | 44 | $\$ 80.00$ | 45 | $\$ 75.00$ | 46 | nb | 47 | nb | 48 | nb |
| 49 | nb | 50 | $\$ 22.00$ | 51 | $\$ 35.00$ | 52 | $\$ 17.00$ | 53 | nb | 54 | nb | 55 | nb | 56 | nb |
| 57 | $\$ 17.00$ | 58 | $\$ 19.00$ | 59 | nb | 60 | nb | 61 | nb | 62 | nb | 63 | nb | 64 | nb |
| 65 | nb | 66 | $\$ 10.00$ | 67 | $\$ 12.00$ | 68 | $\$ 7.00$ | 69 | $\$ 3.00$ | 70 | $\$ 15.00$ | 71 | $\$ 15.00$ | 72 | nb |
| 73 | $\$ 7.00$ | 74 | nb | 75 | nb | 76 | nb | 77 | $\$ 17.00$ | 78 | nb | 79 | nb | 80 | $\$ 25.00$ |
| 81 | nb | 82 | $\$ 85.00$ | 83 | nb | 84 | nb | 85 | nb | 86 | nb | 87 | nb | 88 | nb |
| 89 | nb | 90 | nb | 91 | $\$ 10.50$ | 92 | nb | 93 | $\$ 50.00$ | 94 | nb | 95 | nb | 96 | nb |
| 97 | nb | 98 | $\$ 16.50$ | 99 | nb | 100 | nb | 101 |  | 102 |  | 103 |  | 104 |  |
| 105 | nb | 106 |  | 107 | nb |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## EFOCC Auction Consignment Form

EFOCC use - only $\Rightarrow$ AUCTION \#: LOT \#:

| Consignor: Address: | Country (if not U.S.) | Condition (circle): NH LH HH HR NG USED |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Catalog No. | Please check if this is a donation lot: |
| Telephone: (_) - | Catalog Value: |  |
| Email/Fax: |  | Please note Minimum Bid: \$ |
| EFOCC Membership No: APS Membership No: |  |  |

Description of item: \{Please note any faults and fasten lots below this line or on the reverse side\}

Instructions: Fill in all information. Attach each lot to the front of one form, using a stock card, face-down glassine or other mount. Use separate rigid sheet for larger lots and attach a completed form. No staples - please. Make sure it is easy for us to remove and re-insert each lot.


EFOCC Auction Bid Sheet
Name: $\qquad$ EFOCC \#: $\qquad$ New Bidders........APS Membership appreciated: $\qquad$
Address: $\qquad$ Phone: ( $\qquad$ Please limit my purchases to:

City: $\qquad$ State: $\qquad$ Zip: $\qquad$ $\$$ $\qquad$
Please execute the following bids for me in EFOCC Auction \# $\qquad$
$\overline{\text { \{Signature - all bid sheets must be signed }\}}$


| Lot\# | Bid | Lot\# | Bid | Lot\# | Bid | Lot\# | Bid | Lot\# | Bid | Lot\# | Bid |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Postage will be charged to the bidder. A $10 \%$ buyer's premium will be added to successful bids. Mail bid sheets to: McDevitt, 3561 Country Ct. N, Mobile, AL 36619-5335


## wantid SHIFTED VIGNETTES on bicolor stamps

Scott \#s C3, 119-132, 294-299; also State Department high-value Officials


HIGHEST PRICES PAID Contact:
Don David Price EFOCC Life Member
To discuss or request additional information, please e-mail me at ddprice98@hotmail.com.


## OUR CLIENTS...



Shreves Galleries

At Spink Shreves, our clients have always been our top priority. By earning the trust of collectors around the world, we have grown to be the only philatelic auction firm with the unlimited global reach and resources to consistently achieve "record-breaking" prices. We proudly offer unsurpassed attention to detail and vast philatelic knowledge. Award-winning color catalogs
and strategic worldwide marketing efforts. Numerous domestic and international locations. And most importantly, our signature "First Class" service for every client. In this ever-changing world, you can be confident Spink Shreves will continue to go to the ends of the earth to set the standard for excellence.

## STAMPS BANKNOTES MEDALS COINS BOOKS

## 800556 STAMP 800.556.7826 www.spinkshreves.com

