## The EFO <br> Collector <br> 

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The EFO Collector is published quarterly, in March, June, September and December. The submission deadline for any issue is the $15^{\text {th }}$ of the month preceding the issue, e.g. $2 / 15,6 / 15,8 / 15$ and $11 / 15$. Send or e-mail editorial material directly to the Editor. Sample copies of the EFO Collector are available for $\$ 3$ from the Editor.

Membership includes subscription to the EFO Collector. Membership fees are as follows:
Members with addresses in the U.S. or Members with addresses elsewhere Canada

| Initiation fee and first year's dues | $\$ 16.00$ | $\$ 30.00$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| One year membership renewal | $\$ 15.00$ | $\$ 30.00$ |
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Advertising for the EFO Collector will be accepted at the following rates:

| Full page, camera-ready copy | $\$ 30.00$ | First insertion must be fully prepaid. |
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| Quarter page, camera-ready copy | $\$ 9.00$ | ad copy is the $15^{\text {th }}$ of the month |
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## From Your Editor

## EFOs Rock!

How did I come up with this idea? Well, look around. I did, and this is what I realized. When I went to the Mega Event at the Jacob Javits Center in New York, I ran into EFOCC member and dealer Steven Crippe who has a very comprehensive assortment of EFOs at all price levels. I took some time to look at them and, in the process, bought a few. I also introduced myself to
 him, and he told me about his activities regarding his website. He said that he is in the process of investing in a new, second website to market high end EFOs. His investment into the presentation, i.e. the website, is very substantial. So, there is money to be made in this then. We hope that he will notify us when his new website is ready, so we can pass the word to you.

Steven is not the only dealer investing in EFOs. A couple of months ago, I received in the mail a glossy, 16 page, full-color catalog from the firm Gary Posner, Inc. Disregarding the investment in building up the stock, just printing such a glossy brochure and mailing it is no cheap matter. Talk about eye candy, if you love EFOs, you should ask them to send you this brochure. So, they invested also in EFOs quite a bit.
What about others who are not dealers? From the collectors' perspective, EFOs are fascinating, because they can complete almost any type of collection or exhibit. The subject of the cover of the November 2004 issue of the American Philatelist is "FDR \& EFOs", with an article by Kenneth M. Davis (alas, not a member) focusing on EFOs on stamps honoring President Roosevelt. The October 2004 issue of the American Philatelist contained an article by Wayne Youngblood (not a member either, can somebody speak to him!!!) about setenant stamps. According to this article, "se-tenant refers to different stamps that are held together, or attached." Some are intentional, some not. So, when
 you have an EFO that affects one stamps but not the next on a sheet, you have a se-tenant. Or, even when you have the same EFO, say a paper-fold, if two stamps attached to each other look differently, you have a se-tenant. Or an ink smear can easily create a se-tenant. Youngblood makes these points with several examples from the EFO book, including partially omitted colors, misplaced perforations, etc.

Our Veep John Hotchner was kind enough to mail me pages from the April 30, 2004, edition of Reflections, the newsletter of the Ebony Society of Philatelic Events and Reflections (ESPER). This is a very active club of folks "who have a common interest, which is the promoting and collecting of African-Americans on philatelic material." They also had an article titled "Errors, Freaks and Oddities on Black Heritage of African American Related Stamp Issues." So, here again, EFOs augment and complete an otherwise unrelated subject.
Then, there are exhibits. In VAPEX 2004, Nicholas Lombardi (another non-member...) presented an exhibit titled "The 1903 Two Cent Washington Shield Issue." It received the reserve grand and gold medal, but more importantly, it also got the EFOCC First award, due to its EFO content. We have seen member Alvaro Pacheco exhibit on the "Chile 1900 Surcharge 5" and his beautiful exhibits also contain substantial EFO components. Member Jerry Kasper exhibits aerogrammes, and he also displays, as expected, EFO aerogrammes. We hope that he will share with us in the future some of his goodies (but see page 9 for his big find). All these exhibits are more complete and comprehensive as a result of including EFOs.

If these trends are reflected in the EFOCC, then over time, our membership should grow. When you meet somebody who is even thinking of EFOs, please try to convince them to send in for a sample issue of The EFO Collector. I hope that we can grow our membership, so we can also grow The EFO Collector.
Please continue to provide me feedback in the New Year as you have in the past, or, in particular, if you have procrastinated in doing so. Share your goodies with your fellow members. I wish all our members and their families a joyous and peaceful Holiday Season, and a happy New Year.
Cemil

## Letters to the Editor

## The Forgotten Invert

I have just received my July-September EFOCC magazine. I'm happy to see the upcoming October auction. I'll be sending in some bids in early October.
I enjoy the various articles each quarter, and look forward to contributions by Joseph Monteiro.
I must admit, it surprised me that Mr. Monteiro omitted a modern 29c U.S. invert in his column. I refer to Scott \#2630c, commemorating the New York Stock Exchange's bicentennial (1792-1992). Enclosed find page on this error that appeared in the "Ivy \& Mader" catalog for the January 23-24, 2004, auction held in New York City.
Steven R. Jeffries
College Park, MD
Editor's Note: The page from the Ivy \& Mader auction catalogue is reproduced on the next page. We thank hereby Ivy \& Mader for permission to reproduce the page.

## Joseph Monteiro answers:

To err is human! I am sure that most philatelists realize that stamp collecting is one of those hobbies where this occurs frequently, only to remind us that we are not omniscient but just humans. Mr. Jeffries' letter to the Editor indicating my omission of the New York Stock Exchange invert in my article in the previous issue of The EFO Collector makes this quite apparent and I apologize for this oversight. I must have been looking at Mr. Jennings note pad and missed one of the rarest invert. Frankly, the 1996 catalogue that I use did not list this invert, resulting in my oversight. So I have revised Table 2 of my article and have now included this invert in it.

Table 1: US inverted errors.

| Scott <br> No. | Value | Subject | Printer | Quantity <br> Known (*) | Method | Form | FDI | Tagging | Plate <br> No. | Error Type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 119b | 15c | Columbus <br> Landing | NA | 3/100 | Steel eng. | Pane | 1869 | Untagged | NA | Inverted centre |
| 119c | 15c | Columbus <br> Landing | NA | $3 / 0$ | Steel eng. | Pane | 1869 | Untagged | NA | Inverted centre /double print |
| 120b | 24c | Declaration of Independence | NA | 4/80 | Steel eng. | Pane | April 7, <br> 1869 | Untagged | NA | Inverted centre /print shift |
| 121b | 30c | Eagle and Shield | NA | 7/40 | Steel eng. | Pane | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May 15, } \\ & 1869 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Untagged | NA | Inverted centre |
| 294a | 2c | Steamship | NA | 250/NA | Steel eng. | Pane | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May 1, } \\ & 1901 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Untagged | NA | Inverted centre |
| 295a | 2c | Train | NA | 150/5 | Steel eng. | Pane | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May 1, } \\ & 1901 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Untagged | NA | Inverted center |
| 296a | 4c | Antique Automobile | NA | 100/NA | Steel eng. | Pane | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } 1, \\ & 1901 \end{aligned}$ | Untagged | NA | Inverted centre |
| 1610c | \$1 | Candle holder | NA | 95/5 | Steel eng. \& Litho | Pane (100) | July 2, $1979$ | Tagged | NA | Inverted candle flame |
| 2630c | 29c | NY Stock Exchange | NA | 28 | Steel eng. \& Litho | Pane (50) | May 1992 | Tagged | NA | Bust inverted /print shift |
| 2955 | 32c | Richard Nixon | Barton Press \& BNCA | 160/NA | Steel eng. \& Litho | Pane (50) | July 2, $1979$ | Tagged | NA | Bust inverted /print shift |
| C3a | 24c | Jenny Biplane | NA | 100/NA | Steel eng. | Pane (100) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May 13, } \\ & 1918 \end{aligned}$ | Untagged | NA | Inverted centre |

Abbreviations: BNCA: Bank Note Corporation of America, Eng: Engraving, Litho: Lithography. (*) Unused/used.
The story of this discovery is perhaps best described in the article in the Ivy \& Mader Philatelic Auctions, Inc., January 2004, New York Sale. It does a superb job in providing the technical reasons why this error occurred and the story of how it was discovered.

## The New York Stock Exchange Invert

In May of 1992, the United States Postal Service issued a 29d stamp to commemorate the 200th anniversary of the opening of the New York Stock Exchange (the NYSE). The design of the stamp consisted of an ornate frame, resembling a stock certificate, bearing the dates "1792" and "1992", and a central design, or vignette, featuring two tiny, intricate engravings, one of the façade of the NYSE building and the other of the trading floor of the exchange. The frame, with the inscription "USA/29", was printed in green and the dates in red by the lithographic process. The central vignette, printed in black, was then added using recess printing, or engraving, on a second press. It is the small size and intricate detail of these central design elements that would lead to one of the greatest errors in U.S. philatelic history lying unnoticed for nearly ten years.

In the middle of 1992, a sheet of the NYSE stamps was purchased at a post office in a small West Texas town. The buyer noticed immediately that the biack central design was missing on twelve of the forty stamps in the sheet. He realized that he probably had something of value but decided to take a wait-and-see attitude. He put the sheet in a safe place and forgot about it.

Fast forward to December of 2001. The sheet is brought out at a family gathering. The owner's wife, looking at it carefully, notes the missing black centers, hesitates, and then says, "Hey, the black part of these other stamps looks like it's upside down!" And the rest, as they say, is history.

The NYSE Invert, with only 28 examples in existence, is the rarest of the nine regularly issued U.S. stamps that exist with inverted centers. It is more than three and one half times rarer than the legendary "Inverted Jenny", of which only 100 were printed. Furthermore, the existence of the "center omitted" errors in the same sheet makes this sheet even more important philatelically. Never before have two major errors occurred separately on one sheet.

## How the Error Occurred

The NYSE stamp was printed in large sheets of 160 stamps that were then cut into four smaller sheets (often referred to as "panes") of 40 . Dividing these four panes on the sheet was a wide unprinted area called a "gutter". The gutter that divided the sheet vertically was exactly the width of one stamp; the gutter that divided the sheet horizontally was exactly the height of one stamp. There is also an extra wide margin on two sides of the sheet - to allow for color registration - that is later trimmed off. These margins also correspond exactly to the width and height of a single stamp. Since the stamp was printed on two different presses, the large sheets had to be taken from the first press, where the frame was printed, and placed onto the second press for the printing of the vignette. Apparently, during the transfer of one of the sheets, it was inadvertently turned $180^{\circ}$ and placed onto the press. The vignette, consequently, was printed upside down. The wide outer margin on two sides caused the vignette to be shifted downward by exactly the height of one stamp and to the right by exactly the width of one stamp (or upward and to the left, depending on your point of view). As a result, the unprinted gutter area was shifted onto the stamps, leaving 12 stamps with no vignette at all, and causing the vignette to print in the sheet margin at the right and in what should have been the gutters at the left and at the top.

Because these stamps were printed in sheets of 160 , there are, theoretically, three other panes possible. But, in light of all the publicity gensrated by this discovery, it is likely that all existing NYSE sheets have been carcfully examined by now. Undoubtediy, the other panes were detected by postal inspectors or other postal employees in 1992 and returned to the USPS to be destroyed.


1706
\#2630c, 29c New York Stock Exchange Bicentennial, center inverted, Pos. 23 from the unique pane of 40 containing 28 such errors, near perfect centering, o.g., N.H., Extremely Fine; photocopy of 2002 P.S.E. certificate for the full pane from which this was taken. Listed but as yet unpriced by Scott. (Photo)

Est. 25,000-30,000

## End of First Session

Ivy \& Mader Philatelic Auctions, Inc.

## More About 1384

While searching through a collection, I discovered a Scott's \#1384 which looked like most of the colors were missing. I sent it away for certification and the APS Certificate that came back states that it is "genuine in all respects with just traces of litho colors present, unused, full original gum, never hinged. ${ }^{2}$

Attached is a color jpeg image of the stamp with a normal stamp for comparison. Perhaps you ${ }^{1}$ dike to do an article about it. It's a terrific looking stamp.
Joel Radin
Mount Pleasant, SC


The error is shown on the left, the normal on the right. The APS certificate states: "Scott's \#1384, variety with just traces of litho colors present, unused, full original gum, never hinged, genuine in all respects."

Editor's note: We had an article on the \#1384 in our last issue. But, it is a lot of fun to see additional varieties.
Thanks, Joel!

## Help With Members' New Projects

Free listing - Please mail or e-mail requests to Editor
I am looking for anything odd in U.S. philately that can be used as a Linn's "US Notes" piece to generate publicity for the EFOCC. John Hotchner, P. O. Box 1125, Falls Church, VA 22041.

If you would like a free listing in the EFO Collector to help you with a new EFO project, please complete this form, and mail it to the Editor ASAP. If you wish, you can also e-mail your request to the Editor.

I am looking for $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Name, address, e-mail: $\qquad$

# President's $\mathcal{E}$ Auction Director's Report Jim McDevitt <br> <br> cwouscg@aol.com 

 <br> <br> cwouscg@aol.com}

A reminder to all, the next EFOCC Eastern Regional Meeting will be held during AmeriStamp Expo 2005, Atlanta, Georgia. EFOCC show events will be noted on our website at www.efoers.org.


Also and in 2005, please plan to attend EFOCC events at StAmPShow 2005, Grand Rapids, Michigan, August 4 to 7, 2005, and VAPEX, Virginia Beach, November 2005.

The Club expresses sincere thanks and appreciation to the following who have generously donated material for the Club's Auction \#98, presented elsewhere in this edition - Mr. Monte O’Neal, Mr. Darrell Teel, Mr. Robert Gilman and Mr. Frank Anastasio.

The officers of the EFOCC wish to express to all members, family and friends, the very best of wishes for this holiday season and a very safe and enjoyable New Year.

## EFOCC Member Post

Members are entitled to three free listings per year. Please mail or e-mail requests to Editor.
Wanted: Anything unusual for \#859 Washington Irving, \#1548 Sleepy Hollow, \#1330 Davy Crockett, \#1940 Christmas '81 Teddy Bear. Gary Denis, P. O. Box 766, Patuxent River, MD 20670. [139]

Wanted: Unusual perforation-related errors and varieties. Also, 1934 and 1935 Christmas Seals and tied covers. Also, auxiliary markings on U.S. covers. Will buy or trade. John Hotchner, P. O. Box 1125, Falls Church, VA 22041-0125. [139]

Wanted, forged 2002 non-denominated flag 37 c with 2003 date, plate strip of 1,5 or 7 or complete roll. Ken Moreau, 402 Coronation Drive, Franklin, MA 02038. Phone/Fax: (508) 528-9028. [139]

For sale. 34c Statue of Liberty (Scott 3477) misperfs, nearly down the center. Pair: \$7.50, strip of 5: \$15, plate strip of 5 (plate 4444): \$35. John Hotchner, P. O. Box 1125, Falls Church, VA 22041-0125. [138]

Wanted. EFO material for the 1934-36 U.S. Air Mail Special Delivery Issues - Scott \#CE1, \#CE2, \#771 Farley. No CE2a error needed. Hideo R. Yokota, 10 Anita Court, Belmont, CA 94002-2012, hryokota@hotmail.com. [137]

Will trade!! BK 143 (D Booklet), Plate \#4 on bottom pane for same \#1 and MD 1 Blue Booklet (Heroes) with Bunyan in window for in window for White Doll with Plate \#1, or River Boat w/Sylvan Dell in window. Ken Moreau, 308 Coronation Road, Franklin, MA 02038. Phone/Fax: (508) 528-9026. [137]

Every EFOCC member is entitled to three free 35 word listings per year in the EFOCC Member Post. To use your free listing in the EFOCC Member Post, please complete this form, and mail it to the Editor ASAP. If you wish, you can also e-mail your request to the Editor.

# Treasurer's Report David Hunt 



Treasurer's Report for the Quarter July 1 - September 30, 2004
\$4835.61
Beginning balance July 1, 2004
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Income } & \text { Dues and initiation } & \$ 1676.00 \\ & \text { Sample Copies } & \$ 6.00\end{array}$
Expenses The EFO Collector printing (see note 1) (\$994.27)
The EFO Collector mailing
Officers' expenses
Ending balance September 30, 2004

1. The printer has agreed to credit us with $\$ 192.00$, because he didn't explain certain charges in advance. The credit will be applied to our next issue.

Respectfully submitted,
David H. Hunt, Treasurer

## Secretary's Report

## Stan Raugh

## trex@bigplanet.com

## New Members

Welcome to our new members:
Rudolph Witteman 1304-06C
(Address withheld upon request)

Welcome, Rudolph! This brings up an issue, if you wish to have your address withheld for any reason, let me know. I have created a separate section at the end of my mailing list for anyone requesting this service. If a dealer or auctioneer has nice material coming up for public view, we will make our list available for the benefit of both the seller and our members. I particularly am glad to receive such special mailings. But if you prefer we not give out your address, let me know and I will re-list you as such.

## Dues Due?

If your membership number ends with a 04 C or 04 D , your dues are due. Since the mailing list is sent to our editor well ahead of time, we may have already updated your membership. I am learning as I go along and I now see the need to send out renewals much earlier, so the mailing list is updated more timely. In about ten years, I'll have this all figured out! See you next issue!

## A New Type of EFO

## Jerome V. V. Kasper $\&$ Cemil Betanov

EFOCC member and exhibitor Jerry Kasper hit the EFO jackpot by discovering not only a new EFO, but a new type of error never seen before. What is special about the error is that is contains a mix of colors from two different, related aerogrammes (Figure 1). Several experts who were shown this error could not recall ever having seen such an error combination on any multicolor stamp. The aerogrammes were part of a three-aerogramme set promoting Western Samoa, issued on April 11, 1979. The stamps show cowry shells, copied from the Samoa cowry shell set of 1978. The left and middle images in Figure 1 are cut-outs from the normal 6 -sene honey cowry and 7 -sene banded cowry aerogrammes. The right image has the same denomination and text as the 6 s , but appears to have some traces of the bands from the 7 s . In this article, we will refer to this oddball aerogramme as the " $6 X$." Figure 2 shows the complete aerogrammes.


Figure 1: Left and middle are the stamps for the regular aerogrammes. The one on the right, even though labelled "6s", has faint the stripes from the 7s.


Figure 2: Complete picture of the aerogrammes in question.

How did Jerry encounter this EFO? About three years ago, he purchased a large batch of aerogrammes from an estate. The original owner had marked the oddball aerogramme as "with green smear." About six months ago, he started to look at the batch more carefully, to see what material he could use in his aerogramme EFO exhibit. When he studied the oddball aerogramme more carefully, he realized that the faint bands were not a simple color smear. Rather, part of the design of the 7 s aerogramme, the colored bands, seemed to be also on the oddball 6 X aerogramme, making this a mixeddesign printing.

How to determine more precisely whether this theory was correct? Jerry, who has programmed for many years, used a computer program to perform a color separation on the images. The images were split into the individual yellow, magenta and cyan used to print the issue. The results were dramatically clear! The magenta and yellow images of the 6X matched those of the 6 s . However, the cyan image of the 6X matched precisely the 7 s cyan image. This clearly confirms that the 6 X was produced using plates (or parts thereof) from both the 6 s and 7 s issues. Unfortunately, it is not easy to reproduce the color separation results in the EFO Collector, since we are restricted to black and white and halftones thereof. But if you are interested in seeing the color results, please send to the Editor a self-addressed, stamped \#10 envelope, and he will send you a color printout. You can also go to Jerry's website, www. aerogramme. com, which displays a copy (and is an excellent aerogramme reference on its own).

How common is this error? When he encountered this, Jerry contacted several aerogramme dealers who supply him often with aerogrammes. He asked them to go through their inventories to see whether they could find other specimens with the error. They could not find any. He also went through several stocks he encountered and found none. While this is not a rigorous methodology, it appears at this point that this is not a common error. Time will show if any more will be found. One has to recognize, however, that these aerogrammes we issued 25 years ago, plenty of time for errors to be discovered.

How this error happened? This is a more difficult question, and it might not be possible to provide a definitive answer. Nevertheless, we can try.


Figure 3: Proof of the 6s and 7s aerogrammes.

Figure 3 depicts part of a proof sheet of these two aerogrammes, and was probably a quarter of a plate as aerogrammes of this format were printed in sheets of 4 wide by 2 high. It is not uncommon, for smaller print runs, to place two designs using the same colors on a single plate. This is more common for smaller countries, such as Samoa and Kuwait. This gives us our first possible explanation.

The first possibility is that the aerogrammes were arranged on a plate in the following manner ( A is the $6 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{~B}$ is the 7 s ):


Proof sheets for other aerogrammes printed by McCorquolades, this issue's printer, show that the upper row is generally inverted relative to the bottom row.
These aerogrammes were printed from five plates: white, cyan, magenta, blue, black, the latter used for denomination and text. For this arrangement, if the cyan plate was inverted (placed upside down), then all 8


Figure 4: Detail to show misregistration. In the middle is the 6 X , on the left the 6 s and on the right the 7 s .
aerogrammes would have received the cyan impression of the other stamp. There is one more observation that may make this possibility more likely. A closer examination of the 6X aerogramme (Figure 4) shows that the other areas of the aerogramme, like the lady and the clock on the left of each aerogramme in Figure 2, has a slight color misregistrations or shift. This could have been caused by a slight misalignment of the inverted plate.

One problem with this theory is that, if it was true, then there should be many more instances of these similar errors, including the 7 s with a cyan from the 6 s , and it would likely have been recognized earlier. Perhaps they discovered the problem very early during the printing process, and destroyed the ones they identified as errors, but a few did slip through.

Another possibility is that during preparation of the plate, a single cyan cliché for the 7 s was placed where the 6 s cliché belonged. This would then result in only the 6 X error aerogramme being produced. Again, the error must have been discovered and corrected after a few impressions or a quarter of the 6 s aerogrammes would have this error. Since this is a subtle error, it seems it would have been harder to identify an incorrect cliché than an inverted plane. So, one would expect the error to be more common.

If you find any of these aerogrammes, please take a close look and report any further discoveries to one of the authors.

# Major Canadian Errors Discovered in the Last Few Years Joseph Monteiro 

The famous adage To Err is Human To Forgive is Divine is known to most of mankind, but philatelists have changed this famous adage into To Err is Human To Find is Divine. This is not surprising, as finding a major error needs the luck belonging to the divine.

In the last few years, Canada Post has allowed only a few errors to fall inadvertently into the hands of philatelists. This article will examine the major postage stamp errors for the last few years that are known so far. These errors fall into three major groups:

- Fully imperforate errors,
- Partially imperforate errors, and
- Missing design errors.


## Major Errors in the Current Definitive Series

## Fully Imperforate Errors

Three major fully imperforate errors have been brought to the attention of philatelists:

- The 10c artistic woodwork definitive,
- The 48c Golden Jubilee commemorative, and
- The 47c Queen Elizabeth II definitive.

The 10c artistic woodwork definitive fully imperforate error (Figure 1) was found by David Stein in Montreal on July 18, 2003. The top row of the sheet of stamps was not perforated, creating fully imperforate errors as a result of an improperly misperforated sheet. David Stein states "These stamps were printed at the Canadian Bank Note Company. Canada Post told the National Post newspaper that they came from Ashton-Potter - but I determined otherwise. The error was probably created when a single print sheet of stamps was removed for inspection during the print run. The sheet that contained four to six panes of 100 stamps was not properly replaced and passed through the perforating machine. Quality control did not pick up the error and at least two panes made it to the post office." [1] If David Stein's observations are correct, then this major error came from the second printing of Canadian Bank Note Company. David Stein obtained the ten imperforates from the pane in pairs as the sheet was torn into vertical blocks of ten.

48c commemorative Golden Jubilee: On January 2, 2002, Canada Post issued a stamp to commemorate Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II's Golden Jubilee. The stamps were printed by Ashton Potter in panes of 16 stamps using lithography in eight colours on Tullis Russell Coatings paper and were perforated with a 13+ perforation gauge. A few months later, a few of these stamps were found
imperforate. This error was brought to the attention of philatelists by Gary Lyon of Eastern Auction Ltd.
Eastern Auctions Ltd., in their pamphlet, states "Recently news of an exciting new major error reached my office. The 48¢ commemorative (Scott \#1932) issued for the Golden Jubilee of the coronation of Queen Elizabeth II's had been discovered completely imperforate. I was eventually successful in purchasing all five sheets that were found. The quantity available to collectors is obviously very small, because each sheet contains only sixteen stamps. Therefore, the total find produces a mere twenty blocks (or forty pairs), making it one of the very scarcest modern era imperforate errors. Demand from Canadian collectors is sure to be high." [2] Even though only five panes of stamps were found it is likely that six panes were printed.


Figure 2: 48c Golden Jubilee commemorative imperforate.


Figure 3: 47c Queen Elizabeth II commemorative from completely imperforate sheet (type 1).

47c Queen Elizabeth II Definitive: On December 28, 2000, Canada Post issued a 47c definitive depicting Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II. The stamp was printed by Canadian Bank Note on coated paper in panes of 100 stamps. Designers of this stamp were Tom Yakobina and Chris Candlish. These stamps were printed in panes of 100 (10x10), using five colour lithography and were tagged on four sides. PVA gum was used as the adhesive.

Two types of imperforate errors of this stamp were discovered: 1) From fully imperforate panes, and 2) From partially imperforate panes.

The first type of error (Figure 3) was offered for sale by Ian Kimmerly Stamps. In his advertising flier, Mr. Kimmerly states: "In mid-April, a collector went to a Post Office and received a fabulous bonus. The sheet of stamps he had purchased had no perforations. To date only one sheet has surfaced and although another five sheets might be discovered, it is quite possible this one sheet is all that will ever be available. We have managed to secure a block of 20 and will offer the following, subject unsold. Pair $\$ 895$. Block $\$ 1750$. Bottom block of 4 has a trivial flaw in gum net \$1495." [3]

The second type of error (Figure 4) was from the bottom row of partially imperforate panes. This error was reported in the catalogue of Eastern Auctions Ltd., on February 22, 2003. The catalogue on page 105 states "47c Queen Elizabeth II rare major error, vertical block of eight, the lower pair is completely imperforate and the one above partly imperforate, only a handful exist." [4] Since these fully imperforates only originate from the bottom row of the pane, fewer of these imperforates are likely to exist than the imperforates that have resulted from the first type of error described in


Figure 4: 47c Queen Elizabeth II commemorative from partially imperforated sheet (type 2).
the preceding paragraph. This is also evident from the estimated prices of the two types of errors. The first type of error was estimated at $\$ 1,500$ (for a block of four) and the second type was estimated at $\$ 2,000$ (for a pair of fully imperforate errors and a pair of partially imperforate stamps).

## Missing Design Errors

Five major missing design errors have been brought to the attention of philatelists:

- The $\$ 5$ Moose definitive,
- The 47c Year of the Snake commemorative,
- The 48c Year of the Snake commemorative,
- The $\$ 1.25$ Masterpieces of Canadian Art commemorative, and
- The 47c Maple Leaf definitive.

The $\mathbf{\$ 5}$ Moose definitive stamp (Figure 5) has been found with the moose and vegetation missing. On the first day of summer 2004, Ian Kimmerly announced the discovery of this error [5]. It is not known who found this error, Kimmerly reports that it came into the store on a consignment basis, and it was sold in less than 48 hours. The printing of this stamp involved two distinct printing processes, which suggests the cause of the missing design. First, the lithographic process prints most of the inscription on the stamp on gummed paper. Second, the steel engraving process prints the design which includes the moose and vegetation. If one process is missed, the result is stamps without a part of the design. Kimmerly described the cause as follows: "During the intaglio printing process, two sheets became temporarily stuck together, with the result that the top sheet was printed normally and the bottom sheet received a faint impression, but no ink. The two sheets then went through the perforating and guillotining process, and it is obvious why this dramatic error was not caught by postal inspectors." [5]


Figure 5: \$5 Moose definitive missing design error.


Figure 6: 47c Year of the Snake commemorative with gold color missing.

How many such errors are likely to exist depends on the printing format. It has been suggested that 6 mini-panes of four stamps were printed per sheet. Out of the 6, at least 5 of the panes were discovered. One was returned to the Post Office, three are in the hands of a dealer and one was sold by Ian Kimmerly. It is believed that the sixth pane is likely to be in private hands.

The 47c Year of the Snake commemorative stamp (Figure 6) was part of the lunar series stamps issued on January 5, 2001, to celebrate the Chinese New Year. This stamp depicts a jade sculpture of a snake in a very simple form against the decorative pattern. Below the tale of the snake is the Chinese symbol for snake in gold. The gold symbol missing was discovered missing on some stamps, making it a major error. This major error was found in Western Canada. According to Gary Lyon (Philatelist), Ltd., "About two weeks ago, we were contacted concerning a totally new find. The Year of the Snake commemorative had been found missing the gold colour! Two sheets of twenty-five were discovered in Western Canada. ... Close examination reveals absolutely no trace of the gold colour. The inscription blocks are especially nice, as the gold colour control dot is of course missing as well. Like most modern missing colours, these stamps are also untagged. This is because the tagging bars are normally applied at the end of the printing process." [6]

Regarding how many such errors were found, Gary Lyon states that "To date only fifty stamps exist, as this commemorative was printed in a small format sheet of twenty-five." [6] To date there is no information about any additional discoveries. How many will eventually be found depends on the number of panes of 25 printed per sheet. If the number of panes printed are the same as the number of panes printed on the bird sheets, as many as six panes of twenty-five could exist, or any multiple thereof.
The 48c Year of the Ram commemorative (Figure 7) stamp was part of the lunar series stamp issued on January 5, 2002, to celebrate the Chinese New Year. This stamp depicts an ivory sculpture of a ram in a very simple form against a plain orange-red background. Below the horns of the ram is the Chinese symbol for ram in gold. The gold symbol was discovered missing on some stamps, making it a major error similar to that noted above. This error was brought to the attention of philatelists by Saskatoon Stamp Centre through a pamphlet inserted in the mailing of their Catalogue \#230. The pamphlet described this error as coming "from a small group of sheets, found on Vancouver Island British Columbia. Missing gold on left two columns due to a shift in gold foil sheet as it was applied." [7] Unlike the previous error, where the symbol was missing on all the stamps in the pane, this error had the symbol missing on only the first two columns of the pane. This suggests that the reason for the error is different. In the first case, the error was caused because the sheet of stamps did not receive the gold impression. In the second case, the error was caused due to a shift in the gold foil impression.
Regarding how many such errors were found, the pamphlet does not provide any information. However, if only the first two columns in the sheet contained the missing gold foil, it is believed that fewer errors than that reported for the snake error are likely to exist.


Figure 7: 48c Year of the Ram commemorative with gold missing on the two left stamps. Note that the Chinese inscription under the horns on the left side of the stamp is visible on the rightmost stamp.

The $\mathbf{\$ 1 . 2 5}$ Masterpieces of Canadian Art commemorative (Figure 8), the $15^{\text {th }}$ in this series, featuring a painting by Alex Colville of the Church and Horse, was issued March 22, 2002. This stamp, like many of its predecessors, has the inscription 'ART CANADA' at the top, and at the bottom the value, inscription describing the painting and artist ("Church and Horse Église et cheval, Alex Colville, 1964") and the copyright symbol. A major error was found where all the colours, inscription and printing are missing, except the platinum foil around the borders
of the stamp. This error was found in Western Canada and brought to the attention of philatelists by the Saskatoon Stamp Centre. [8]

Regarding how many such errors were found, not much is known. One could guess a number that is a multiple of 16 , depending on the printing format and how one believes this error was caused.


Figure 8: \$1.25 Masterpieces of Canadian Art commemorative, the church and the horse missing.


Figure 9: 47c Maple Leaf definitive with all inscriptions missing.

The 47c Maple Leaf definitive (Figure 9) was issued by Canada Post on December 28, 2000, and depicts a stylized Maple Leaf. At the top of the stylized Maple Leaf design is the name of the country 'CANADA', and beneath it is the inscription "© 2000" followed by the value "47" and "POST/POSTES", the latter in two lines. This stamp was designed by Pierre-Yves Pelletier and printed by Ashton Potter on coated paper using five colour lithography. The stamps were issued in coil format, with 100 stamps per coil. An error of this stamp was discovered that does not carry any inscription.
About this error, Gary Lyon (Philatelists) Ltd. states "Another wonderful find in modern era varieties is on the Canada \#1878, 47c Stylized Maple Leaves, self adhesive coil. I only have two singles of this missing denomination error. Less than 100 are known." [9]

## Partially Imperforate Errors

Two major fully imperforate errors have been brought to the attention of philatelists:

- The $\$ 8$ grizzly bear definitive, and
- The 47c Queen Elizabeth II definitive.

The $\$ 8$ grizzly bear definitive partially imperforate error (Figure 10) was reported in the catalogue of Eastern Auctions, Ltd., on June 26, 2004. The catalogue states on page 103 " $\$ 8.00$ Grizzly Bear Mint pane of four stamps, imperforate horizontally at top and partially at top of the vertical rows. A rare and eye-appealing variety." [10] The pane of four is missing the perforation from the center of the stamps vertically together with the horizontal perforation at the top. This can be seen in the illustration shown hereafter.


Figure 10: The $\$ 8$ grizzly bear definitive partially imperforate error.

The pattern of perforation created in this error is that of a Harrow perforator used by CBN. A 1-row Harrow perforator perforates half of the vertical perforation of stamps in two rows of stamps together with one row of horizontal perforation of stamps with each strike. A 2-row perforator perforates twice this amount with each strike. This means one complete row of stamps would be perforated vertically and half of the rows at the top and at the bottom of the complete middle row, along with the two rows of horizontal perforations. From the pattern in Figure 10, one cannot tell whether the stamps were perforated with a 1-row or 2-row perforator. It appears that the perforator missed the top strike of the pane which resulted in the partially imperforate error.
The 47c Queen Elizabeth II definitive imperforate error was found in conjunction with the second type of fully imperforate of the 47c Queen Elizabeth II definitive described earlier (Figure 4). The partially imperforate error appears in the second last row of each pane. Since these stamps were perforated with an H -comb perforator, half of the vertical perforation and the horizontal row of perforation are missing (assuming the sheet was perforated vertically).
Since these fully imperforates originate only from the second last row of the pane, only ten partially imperforates exist per pane. It is likely that three panes with this error could exist, if one believes that these errors originated from the bottom panes in the sheet (i.e., if printed in a format of 2 rows and three columns).

## Concluding Remarks

To sum up, not many of these major errors exist. This is evident from the high prices that they have been estimated in auction catalogues or sold at retail. So, if any philatelists have been lucky enough to own one of these errors, he or she certainly has something valuable. These major errors are not as spectacular as the inverts that were written up in the last issue but they certainly deserve a place up there.

## Bibliography and Endnotes

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## Exhibiting EFOCC Members

## National Topical Stamp Show - June 11-13, 2004

Holiday Inn Select Memphis Airport, Memphis, TN.

Kenneth P. Martin Blood: The Gift of Life Open Competition

## APS StampShow 2004 - August 12-15, 2004

Sacramento Convention Center, Sacramento, CA.

| Peter G. DuPuy | The 30c and 90c Denominations of the U.S. 1861 Issue | World Series of Philately | Court of Honor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| John M. Hotchner | Worldwide Rarities and Uniquities | World Series of Philately | Court of Honor |
| Jerome V. V. <br> Kasper | New Zealand Prisoner of War Aerogrammes | World Series of Philately | Court of Honor |
| Ken Lawrence | The Nazi Scourge | World Series of Philately | Court of Honor |
| Jerome V. V. <br> Kasper | Illustrated World War II British Military Air Letters | Open Competition | Gold \& Best Illustrated Mail |
| Jim McDevitt | The Coast Guard Commemorative | Open Competition | Gold \& American First Day Cover Society Award |
| Hideo Yokota | U.S. Airmail Special Delivery Issues of 1934-1936 | Open Competition | Gold \& United States Stamp Society Award |
| Alvaro Pacheco | Chilean Lineal Markings | Open Competition | Vermeil |
| Joann Lenz | E-COM and Its Forerunners | Single Frame | Platinum \& American Philatelic Society Post 1980 Medal of Excellence Award |
| Jerome V. V. <br> Kasper | Australia's Official Aerogrammes | Single Frame | Gold |
| Jerome V. V. <br> Kasper | Southern Rhodesia Military <br> Air Letters | Single Frame | Gold |
| Alvaro Pacheco | Pre-Philatelic Postmarks of Valparaiso | Single Frame | Gold |
| EFOCC | EFO Collector Journal | Literature | Silver $\quad \leqslant \leftarrow \leftarrow \leftarrow \leftarrow$ |


|  <br> Nancy B. Clark | The U. S. Revalued Postal <br> Stationery of 1971 | Open Competition | Gold |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Eliot A. Landau | Franklin Delano Roosevelt <br> Memorial Series of 1945-46 <br> and It's FDC's | Open Competition | Vermeil \& Herman Franz Fluegel <br> Award for Best Exhibit of <br> Cacheted FDCs 1945 and Later <br> with Emphasis on Color |
| Eliot A. Landau | FDCs of the 3-cent Lincoln <br> Memorial Fourth Bureau | Single Frame | Gold \& Curtis B. Patterson Award |

BALPEX 2004 - September 3-5, 2004
Marriot's Hunt Valley Inn, Hunt Valley, MD.
Alvaro Pacheco Chilean Lineal Markings Open Competition

## MILCOPEX 2004 - September 3-5, 2004

Four Points by Sheraton, Milwaukee, WI.
Alvaro Pacheco Chile 1900 Surcharge 5 Single Frame Grand and Gold

## 2004 Omaha Stamp Show - September 4-6, 2004

Benson High School, Omaha, NE.

| Tom Myers | The Mancomun Airmails of <br> Colombia: 192901952 |
| :--- | :--- |

Gold \& American Philatelic Society Research Medal

Peach State Stamp Show 2004 - September 24-26, 2004
Cobb County Civic Center, Atlanta, GA.

| Charles J. O'Brien | Joint Issues with the United <br> States 1959-1984 | Open Competition | Reserve Grand \& Gold \& Clark <br> Federation Reward |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ken Lawrence | The Nazi Scourge: Postal <br> Evidence of the Holocaust <br> and the Devastation of <br> Europe | Open Competition | Court of Honor |

## Philadelphia National Stamp Exhibition - October 1-3, 2004

Valley Forge Convention Center, King of Prussia, PA.

Alvaro Pacheco | The Straightline Markings of Open Competition |
| :--- |
| Chile |

SESCAL 2004 - October 1-3, 2004
Radisson Los Angeles Airport Hotel, Los Angeles, CA.

| Jerome V. V. <br> Kasper | Illustrated Word War II British Military Air Letters | Open Competition | Gold \& American Association of Philatelic Exhibitor Creativity Award \& India Study Circle Medal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jerome V. V. <br> Kasper | Aerogrammes of Iceland | Open Competition | Vermeil \& American Association of Philatelic Exhibitors Award of Honor |
| Jerome V. V. <br> Kasper | Aerogramme Errors, Freaks and Oddities | Open Competition | Vermeil |
| Jerome V. V. <br> Kasper | Southern Rhodesia Military Air Letters | Single Frame | Reserve Grand \& Gold |
| Alvaro Pacheco | Pre-Philatelic Postmarks of Valparaiso | Single Frame | Gold |
| VAPEX 2004 - November 5-7, 2004 |  |  |  |
| Virginia Beach Pavilion Convention Center, Virginia Beach, VA. |  |  |  |
| Darrell R. <br> Ertzberger | North Carolina Railway Mail to 1885 | Open Competition | Gold \& Virginia Philatelic <br> Federation J. Douglas Church Memorial Award \& United States Philatelic Classic Society |
| Clyde \& Jay Jennings | The Half-A Collection | Open Competition | Gold |
| Jim McDevitt | The Coast Guard Commemorative | Open Competition | Vermeil |

## Congratulations to all our exhibitor members!

## Nicholas Lombardi's Exhibit Wins EFOCC First Award at VAPEX 2004

Nicholas Lombardi's exhibit, titled The 1903 Two Cent Washington Shield Issue, was awarded Reserve Grand \& Gold at VAPEX 2004. More importantly, it was also awarded the Errors, Freaks \& Oddities Collectors Club First Award. Congratulations to Nicholas!

Editor's Note: If a member who should be listed in one of these listings is omitted, please contact me so we can publish a correction. I apologize in advance for any omission.

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## Envelope Double Impressions Rocco Caponi

Errors occur regularly on stationery envelopes from the very beginning of their production starting with the Nesbitt issues in 1850's. One of the more spectacular errors is the double impression. To understand how these errors occur on envelopes, one must understand the basic production of the envelope entire.

1. Blanks are die-cut from paper stock.
2. Blanks are embossed and printed along with return addresses.
3. Printed blanks are cut again, if windows are required.
4. Gumming and windows are inserted, if required.
5. Finally, envelopes are folded, dried, packaged and inspected.

Once envelopes are die cut from paper stock from a rotary press, unfolded blanks are fed into printing presses to emboss and print the indicia. It is during this process that these errors occur. The Catalogue of the $20^{\text {th }}$ Century Stamped Envelopes and Wrappers of the United States published by the United Postal Stationery Society lists these errors.

The catalogue states, "...double impressions exist in practically every combination of relative position but this list is confined to those specimens on which both impressions are in the same corner, although in some instances one may be folded to the back. Some are obvious errors due to a printed but unfolded blank being put through the press a second time. Of the other errors, by far the most are examples of an intentional or unintentional economy of paper which causes printed blanks of one size to be cut to a smaller size and again run through the press." The Scott Catalogue lists double impressions in the stationery section with minor listings. Those that Scott lists are those errors with double impression of two different dies.


U400 on U411 (U411h)


U420 on U429 (429j)


U400 on U429 (U4291)


U420 on U436 (U436i)


U416a on U429 (U429k)


It is an anomaly that Scott lists many double impression stamp issues especially the Washington Franklin offsets, but not stationery double impressions of the same indicia. These offer the same spectacular visuals as those of two different dies.


It appears that a double impression of two different dies which overlap commands the highest premiums in auctions. Those of the same die are also in demand. Other double impressions in which the dies are found in different locations on the entire provide the most economical way to acquire an eye appealing error.
As was stated before blanks were sometimes run through the press twice. The examples below show that envelopes that were printed once and then the unfolded printed blanks were flipped over and printed again. In this case a printed 2c die was passed through again during a run of 3c envelopes. As a result of the repeal of the war tax, the 3c envelope was revalued to 2 c .


This envelope shows two different return addresses as corner cards were printed in conjunction with the indicia. The offset on the left was caused when the press was activated without paper, the image prints on the platen and the next blank to go through the press picks up the image in reverse. This offset blank was flipped over and printed again.


At the left is an example of two different die issues printed on the same blank. Economy of paper was the likely cause by using printed blanks of one size that was cut to a smaller size and run through the press again. The oval die printings were to terminate at the beginning of the circular die printing contract on July 1, 1915, but the new dies were not ready, and oval dies continued service, overlapping the circular die contract for over a year.


Multiple impressions on the back of the envelopes with no indicia printed on the front.


Another type of multiple impressions is caused by misalignment of blanks going through the press twice.

Another variation of misalignment of blanks occurs when two blanks run through the press at the same time with the top blanks getting the ink and embossing and the bottom getting the embossing only. In another move of economy, the misaligned albino blanks were run through the press again.


One last double impression that is less subtle, but still spectacular, is one that occurred on the 1950 oval die printing of the 5c Lincoln envelope. The letter rate was increased from 4c to 5c on January 7, 1963. This required large printing run of 5 c envelopes. The capacity of the presses producing the 5c envelope exceeded the capacity of the machines used to gum and fold the envelopes. Therefore, another machine was pressed into service to fold and gum the overflow. This particular press was different from the one printing the 5c envelope. It had the capacity to print, emboss fold and gum. It was used to print the 4c Franklin envelopes. The 4c Franklin die was inadvertently left in the machine though the ink was removed from the color feeder. The 4 c die was never disengaged, thus producing the 4c embossing of the Franklin die over the 5c Lincoln. An example is shown on the photograph of the left with side lighting to enhance the visibility of the embossing.
-oOo-


From Veep John Hotchner’s Collection

## Perf Orations

John M. Hotchner

## jmhstamp@ix.netcom.com

## Christmas Seals: EFOs For Cheap

OK - Before anyone starts writing searing letters to the Editor, let me say that the title of this piece derives from when I began collecting Christmas Seals in the early 1960s. At that time I discovered that Christmas seal essays, proofs, EFOs, plate varieties, etc. generally cost about $10 \%$ or less than similar material in the realm of postage stamps. As a college student, I had precious little money, but a powerful attraction to interesting stamps. And so it came to pass that I divided my food and incidentals budget in half; bought stamps with $1 / 2$, and peanut butter and jelly with the other. Sometimes I couldn't afford the jelly.
Today, I have a terrific collection of my specialty years: 1934 and 1935; at least partially due to my early purchases of material, some of which I would have to stretch pretty far to afford today. For, in the intervening 40 years, Christmas Seals have been discovered, and the prices have risen steadily. BUT they are still a good deal less than what similar material in postage stamps would fetch, and so they are still a bargain.
The collections are comprehensive and include usage on cover and promotional material that was developed to help sensitize the public to the need to use seals, and to make a contribution to the sponsoring organization (at first the American National Red Cross, then the National Tuberculosis Association, and now the American Lung Association). I have done an exhibit of the 1934 seals; and friend Joe Ward did a wonderful exhibit of 1935; to which I contributed some material, and then eventually bought the exhibit. For the next few pages I will illustrate, with Editor Cemil's help, some EFO material from both years.
While I hope to have accumulated most of the "good stuff" for "my" years, I am always looking for more. Please feel free to write (see addresses below), if you have anything to report, or that you would like to sell. But more than that, I encourage you to pick a year and start your own collection. If you would like to do that I can provide a list of Christmas Seal dealers and clubs that support collectors. It really is a fun area and still quite reasonable.
If there is some thing in EFO collecting that puzzles you, or you would like to see treated in this column, please write to the author John Hotchner at P.O. Box 1125, Falls Church, VA 22041-0125, or e-mail him at jmhstamp@ix.netcom.com


A piece of paper over this sheet during printing.


Comb perforating problems imperforate top with perforated bottom


Comb perforation shifts

## Random Flaws

## - Color Misregistrations -

When one or more color plates are not registered or aligned with the others, an off register oddity occurs. It is easy enough to deduce the problem when just one color is out. When several colors misregister it is harder to determine which ones were incorrect.


Columbian


Brown and red shifted up

Columbian


Brown and red shifted down


## Random Flaws



Strobridge


Creased by a paper feed before the blue and green colors were applied.

# Misperfed Bird Sheets <br> Stan Goldfarb 

## Golfar1@ix.netcom.com



Regardless of the error, I love to see them on sheets of 50 different (or 10 or 20 , etc.). The vertical misperf on the 13 cent flag is a great example. I bought 6 full sheets and a broken sheet and have never seen or heard about any others. I sold them for $\$ 10.00$ per single and $\$ 500.00$ per sheet and it killed me to sell them so low (I think I still have an extra as I couldn't bear to part with all of them). Considering there are less than 10 copies of each stamp known, $\$ 10.00$ is ridiculously low - no, it's even lower than that.

Below are two examples of an even better misperf. Each sheet creates a change of legend misperf but in opposite directions and each has tremendous appeal. I even have this sheet in plastic wrap along with the 50 black holders (I have a couple extra sheets I've never even tried to sell - I'm just too much of a collector sometimes).
Considering this sheet was put in by hand, the error (I use the term "error" both as major and minor) is extremely rare and should never have happened. There may be a few of you that think it would be better if the sheet were broken and shown as 50 different misperfs (and I visually agree) but I could never bear to break this type of sheet apart. When Smitow (a dealer long gone from the error field) used to break up plate blocks so he could get a better price as singles, it killed me.

It's both good and bad that so few new misperfs and color shifts appear (other than on some coils). Now you don't hear people saying how common they are. However, for someone like me, I can't add much to my collection.

I don't want you to think I only collect the really rare errors; I collect almost all types of minors and a few majors. I even collect as many varieties of an individual issue as make sense. As an example, not only would I have a vertical and horizontal misperf, I would have multiple examples of a vertical misperf if it was obvious they came from different (unrelated) sheets. I also save different position plates of the same issue and error (which is why I have almost 1,900 different plate block and strips with mainly minor errors).



## My Favourite EFO

This issue's favourite EFO comes to us courtesy of member Joseph Chervenyak.
Joseph's membership in the EFOCC was announced in our last issue. So, he is one of our newest members, and I am happy to welcome him to the EFOCC community. You might have also noticed in our last issue that he was an exhibitor in NOJEX 2004. He presented two exhibits, one of them focusing on EFOs. So, he is a very active member of great interest to the EFOCC.

I was happy to speak to him on the phone, and he is for sure an experienced collector. He shared with us some of his exhibit pages, which we hope to present in one of the upcoming issues. But, when he called me, I took the opportunity to ask him which his favourite EFO was. Like most typical collectors, he said he likes them all, but "Washington Crossing the Delaware" print shift is his absolute favourite. Because of the print shift, some of the stamps do not have a denomination, for others, the denomination is shifted. Very cool! He also indicates that fewer than 50 have been reported.


Thanks, Joseph! And welcome to the EFOCC!

## EFOCC Auction Rules for Consignors

## Preparing Lots

Please use a blank form from, such as contained in a recent copy of the EFO Collector. Photocopies are fine. Please use a separate form for each lot.
Secure each lot to the front of the form; attach large lots to the reverse side. Protect all items with mounts, glassine, etc., and stiffeners, if necessary, but be sure item/items can be easily removed by Auction Director for examination and/or photographing. Do not use staples. Attach each item so that the description can be easily read. A simple and easy way to mount lots is to do so on dealer sales cards, or in glassines mounted face down for easy removal.

Include a reserve (minimum bid) or write "none". Lots may be revised to accurately describe items; or returned if necessary. Your name and EFOCC number must be on the consignment form, however, to preserve anonymity, these are removed from the consignment sheet before sending item to successful bidders.

Send consignments to McDevitt, 955 South Grove Blvd., Lot 65, Kingsland, GA 31548-5263. Use insured or registered U. S. Mail.

## Consignor Fees

Consignor commission is $10 \%$ of the hammer price, with a minimum bid of 50 cents per lot.
Unsold lots incur a 50 cent fee per lot, and the consignor pays return postage and insurance.
Expenses and printing constraints make it impractical to picture every lot, especially those which are large in size. The EFOCC will exercise discretion in picturing lots.

## Consignor Special Instructions

To save postage and labor, EFOCC can automatically re-submit unsold lots with lower minimums in a future auction, if you instruct EFOCC clearly what to do.

If you send duplicate or very similar lots, it is consignor's responsibility to state clearly, if you would like to have these placed in different sales. Generally, EFOCC places all items received in the same sale to minimize paperwork.

## Consignment/Payment Timing

EFOCC receives consignments continually and prepare them for subsequent sales, roughly on a first in first out basis. However, large lots may be spread over several auctions.

After the close of each sale, unsold lots are offered to bidders on a first come-first served basis for $\$ 1$ over the reserve with no buyer's commission or postage. This increases total sales, makes more bidders happy, and sells more lots for consignors, all for very little additional effort.

EFOCC needs approximately one month after auction's closing date to determine successful bidders, prepare and mail invoices, mail lots, receive payment from winners, list after sale lots and accept their offers, etc., etc. Thus, consignors can expect to receive payment about four to six weeks after an auction closes.

$$
\text { ศैtuction } 98 \text { cfoses on } \text { Vanuary 31, } 2005^{\text {3an }}
$$

## EFOCC Auction 98 Rules for Bidders

## How to Bid

Please bid on a consignment form from a recent EFO Collector. A photocopy is fine. Include your EFOCC membership number. For new bidders and non-EFOCC members, please include your APS membership number. Sign your bid sheet to acknowledge acceptance of the EFOCC auction rules; unsigned forms can not be accepted. Submit bids to J. E. McDevitt, 955 S. Grove Blvd., Lot 65, Kingsland, GA 31548-5263. Fax: (912) 729-1573. E-mail to cwouscgr@gate.net.

Bidding Precautions
Minimum bids are not estimates, but are true reserves established by the consignors. Bids below the listed reserve will not be accepted.
Bidders are responsible for inaccurate bids. Bids do not have to be typed, but, please, be sure numbers and amounts are clearly legible. Confirm phone and e-mail bids with a written bid sheet.

## Auction Bid Increments

Please use the following increments when bidding and/or assigning reserves to consignments. Lots are sold to the highest bidder at one advance over the second highest bid.

| Bid Level | Increment |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 1$ to $\$ 9.99$ | $\$ 0.50$ |
| $\$ 10$ to $\$ 49$ | $\$ 1.00$ |
| $\$ 50$ to $\$ 99$ | $\$ 2.50$ |
| $\$ 100$ to $\$ 499$ | $\$ 5.00$ |
| $\$ 500$ and up | $\$ 10.00$ |

EFOCC reduces non-conforming bids to the next lower increment. For example, a bid of $\$ 39.50$ will be entered as \$39.00.

## Special Bidding Instructions

As the EFOCC auction is a small auction, special instructions can not be easily accommodated. EFOCC can not accept "BUY" bids, nor "INCREASE BY...\%" bids. Please, make your final, best, and highest bid and you will get the lot at the lowest price available.

## Bidders' Payments

A 10\% buyer's premium is added to the hammer price of each lot. Buyers pay postage, plus insurance on lots valued at over $\$ 10.00$.
Payment is due upon receipt of invoice. If you will be out of town for a while just after an auction closes, or are moving to your summer home about that time, please let EFOCC know at the time you place your bids.

## Returning Lots

Within five (5) days of receipt of awarded lots, you may return any lot which is not described correctly provided such lot is still in its original condition. If an expertising certificate is a condition of bidding, please inform EFOCC of this before auction closes.

## One Final Request

Please bid generously on donation lots whose monies go entirely to the benefit of the EFOCC.

## See these auction lots on the web at www.efoers.com

| Lot\# | Catalog | Description | Cat Val | MB |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 150 | 10c Jefferson, 2 mm vert misperf to left, HR | \$750.00 | \$175.00 |
| 2 | 2399a | 25c Madonna, Gold omitted | \$30.00 | \$23.00 |
| 3 | 1615c | 8.4 c piano, coil, hor. Pair, miscut into stamps above |  | \$13.00 |
| 4 | 1618b | 13c Liberty Bell, imperf coil pair | \$25.00 | \$20.00 |
| 5 | 1704 | 13c Bicentennial, change of design, hor. Perfs shifted up |  | \$20.00 |
| 6 | 1615cf | 8.4 c plano, imperf coil pair, slight miscut up |  | \$20.00 |
| 7 | 1289 | 20c Marshall, hor pair, misperf, vert change of design |  | \$15.00 |
| 8 | 1475 | 8c Love, dark blue and red color shift |  | \$10.00 |
| 9 | 1504 | 8 C Rural America, vertical perfs shifted |  | \$2.00 |
| 10 | 1501 | 8c Electronics, black color shift to right |  | \$9.00 |
| 11 | 1484 | 8c Gershwin, hor perfs shifted up |  | \$12.00 |
| 12 | 1478 | 8 C Spirtt of Independence, fantestic color shift |  | \$32.00 |
| 13 | 1477 | 8 c Spirit of Independence, shifted perforations |  | \$5.00 |
| 14 | 1476 | 8c Spirit of Independence, shifted hor perforations |  | \$9.00 |
| 15 | 1473 | 8c Pharmacy, incredible color shift |  | \$32.00 |
| 16 | 1468 | 8c Mail Order Annv., yellow shift into bottom margin |  | \$4.00 |
| 17 | 1463 | 8c P.T.A., very nice upward hor perforation shift |  | \$10.00 |
| 18 | 1433 | 8c John Sloan, nice red \& blue color shift |  | \$7.00 |
| 19 | 1435 | 8 c Decade of Achievement, black color shift to the right |  | \$5.00 |
| 20 | 1358 | 6c Arkansas River, color shift to the right |  | \$4.00 |
| 21 | 1357 | 6c Daniel Boone, yeilow color shift to left margin |  | \$7.00 |
| 22 | 1485 | 8c Jeffers, vert. Perf. Shift |  | donation |
| 23 | 1055 | 2c Jefferson, vert. Perf shift |  | donation |
| 24 | 335 | 4 c Liberian issue, missing center |  | donation |
| 25 | 2523b | 29c Mt Rushmore, imperfed coil pair |  | donation |
| 26 | 2544 | \$3 Priority Mail, intalia blue shifted up 3+mm |  | \$65.00 |
| 27 | 2980 | 32c 19th Amendment, plate block with very nice black shift |  | \$25.00 |
| 28 | 606 | 2c Adams, no gum on 3 rows, great example of a gum skip |  | donation |
| 29 | 1202 | 4c Rayburn, strip with double perfs, rare - 10 known |  | \$150.00 |
| 30 | 1729a | 13c Valley Forge, imperf pair |  | donation |
| 31 | 1058 | 4 c Lincoln, vertical perf shift |  | donation |
| 32 | 682 | 2c Mass Bay Colony, vertical perf shift |  | donation |
| 33 | 998 | 3c UCV, hor. Perf shift |  | donation |
| 34 | 807 | 3c Jefferson, vert \& hor. Perf shift |  | donation |
| 35 | 820 | 15c J Buchanan, hor. Perf shift |  | donation |
| 36 | C75 | 20c airmail, vertical perf shift |  | donation |
| 37 | 2072 | 20 c Love, block of 6, change of design |  | \$40.00 |
| 38 | 1732-3 | 13c Capt Cook, imperfed pair, RARE! |  | \$50.00 |
| 39 | 2250 | 22c Caruso, misperfed |  | \$5.00 |
| 40 | 2249 | 22c J. Baptise, very nice multiple colour shift |  | \$15.00 |
| 41 | 2107 | 20c Christmas, misperfed |  | \$3.00 |
| 42 | 2081 | 20c National Archives, misperf, scarce |  | \$4.00 |
| 43 | 1615c | 8.4c piano, right pair only has one perf hole |  | \$8.00 |
| 44 | 2102 | 20c Crime, misperf |  | \$3.00 |
| 45 | 2404 | 25c Mt Washington, misperf |  | \$6.00 |
| 46 | 1305ej | 15 c O. W. Hodmes, imperf pair | \$90.00 | \$25.00 |
| 47 | 1845 | 2c I Stravinsk, plate strip w/different size stamps |  | \$40.00 |
| 48 | 1436 | 8c E. Dickinson, misperfed |  | \$8.00 |
| 49 | 1289 | 20c G. Marshall, used. Misperfed vert. Pair |  | \$3.00 |
| 50 | 2015 | 20c Libraries, black ink all over stamp |  | \$3.00 |

## Auction 98 closes on January 31, 2005

| 51 | 2010 | 20 CH . Alger, black ink all over stamp |  | \$3.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52 | 2514 | 25c Christmas, misperf eliminates bottom legend |  | \$11.00 |
| 53 | 2165 | 22c Christmas, colour shift creates nice doubling |  | \$5.00 |
| 54 | 20 L 56 | Boyd's, vert pair, one long, one short stamp |  | \$4.00 |
| 55 | 807 | 3c Jefferson, tape repair, no gum, rejection mark |  | \$6.00 |
| 56 | 1308 | 5c indiana, blue colour shift to right |  | \$7.00 |
| 57 | 1333 | 5c Better Cities, extremely nice misperf - RARE!! |  | \$15.00 |
| 58 | 1385 | 6c Hope, very nice colour shift to the left |  | \$12.00 |
| 59 | 1385 | 6 c Hope, offset causes doubling of black colour |  | \$3.00 |
| 60 | 1423 | 6c Wool, imperf |  | \$4.00 |
| 61 | 1373 | 8c California, misperf |  | \$12.00 |
| 62 | 1444 | 8c Christmas, misperf |  | \$9.00 |
| 63 | 1453 | 8c National Parks, colour shift creates fourth person |  | \$8.00 |
| 64 | 1324 | 5c Canada, nice misperf |  | \$12.00 |
| 65 | 1325 | 5c Erie Canal, misperf w/piece of stamp from next pane |  | \$15.00 |
| 66 | 1318 | 5c Plant, shift up of black colour - SCARCE!! |  | \$7.00 |
| 67 | 1270 | 5 c R. Fulton, very nice misperf |  | \$15.00 |
| 68 | 1596a | 13c One Nation, imperfed coil pair | \$50.00 | \$40.00 |
| 69 | 3066a | 50 c J . Cochran, missing black | \$60.00 | \$25.00 |
| 70 | 2482 | \$2 Bobcat, black colour shitt |  | \$15.00 |
| 71 | 1552 | 10c Christmas, miscut - RARE! |  | \$20.00 |
| 72 | 1478 | 8c Rise of independence, downward colour shift |  | \$10.00 |
| 73 | 1615cf | 8.4c Piano, NJ precancel, imperf coil pair |  | \$25.00 |
| 74 | 1321 | 5 C Christmas, nice misperf eliminated bottom legend |  | \$10.00 |
| 75 | 1393 | 6c Eisenhower, misperf |  | \$5.00 |
| 76 | 1284 | 5cF. D. R., two way misperf |  | \$13.00 |
| 77 | 1509 | 10c Flag, change of design |  | \$10.00 |
| 78 | 1111 | 8 c Bolivar, misperf, change of design |  | \$14.00 |
| 79 | 1111 | 8c Bolivar, missing most of upper wreath"s blue ink |  | \$12.00 |
| 80 | 813 | 8 c Van Buren, two-way perf shift |  | \$12.00 |
| 81 | 1285 | 8c Eistein, misperf - SCARCE!! |  | \$3.00 |
| 82 | 1394 | 8c Eisenhower, two-way misperf |  | \$8.00 |
| 83 | 1394 | 8c Eisenhower, incredible sharp offset on reverse side |  | \$27.00 |
| 84 | 1338 f | 8c flag over White House, misperf |  | \$17.00 |
| 85 | 1041 | 8 c Liberty, dark violet shift to the right |  | \$4.00 |
| 86 | 1509 | 10c Flags, very nice red colour shift |  | \$10.00 |
| 87 | 815 | 10c J. Tyler, very under inked |  | \$6.00 |
| 88 | 1289 | 20c G.Marshall, perfs shifted right |  | \$8.00 |
| 89 | J-97 | 10 c Postage Due, vignette shifted up |  | \$9.00 |
| 90 | 1394 | 8c Eisenhower, misperf, change of design, used |  | \$3.00 |
| 91 | 2328 | 25c sleigh, misperf |  | \$4.00 |
| 92 | 2281 | 25c Honey Bee, nice black colour shift |  | \$12.00 |
| 93 | 295 | 2c Fast Express, vignette shifted upwards, no gum |  | \$12.00 |
| 94 | 702 | 2c Red Cross, cross shifted down, hinge remanent |  | \$3.00 |
| 95 | 702 | 2c Red Cross, cross shifted up |  | \$3.00 |
| 96 | 683 | 2c Charleston, misperf, missing some gum, SCARCE!! |  | \$11.00 |
| 97 | 548 | 1c Mayflower, nice offset on reverse |  | \$15.00 |
| 98 | 3660 | 37c D. Kahanamoku, hor. Die-cuts shifted down 3.5 mm |  | \$10.00 |
| 99 | 1935 | 18c J. Hoban, misperfed ZIP block |  | \$23.00 |
| 100 | 1856b | 14 c S. Lewis, vert pair, imperf between |  | \$4.00 |
| 101 | 2032a | Balloons, misperfed block of 3 |  | \$30.00 |

## Auction 98 closes on January 31, 2005



Auction 98 closes on January 31, 2005



## Auction \#97 Results

| Lot\# | Hammer | Lot \# | Hammer | Lot \# | Hammer | Lot \# | Hammer | Lot \# | Hammer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | \$16.00 | 20 | \$17.00 | 41 | NB | 61 | \$10.00 | 81 | \$11.00 |
| 2 | \$4.00 | 21 | \$15.00 | 42 | NB | 62 | \$10.00 | 82 | \$16.00 |
| 3 | \$6.50 | 22 | \$19.00 | 43 | \$10.00 | 63 | \$17.00 | 83 | \$20.00 |
| 4 | NB | 23 | \$13.00 | 44 | NB | 64 | \$50.00 | 84 | \$13.00 |
| 5 | \$10.00 | 24 | \$11.00 | 45 | \$15.00 | 65 | \$45.00 | 85 | \$17.17 |
| 6 | \$24.00 | 25 | \$13.00 | 46 | NB | 66 | \$3.00 | 86 | NB |
| 7 | \$13.00 | 26 | \$7.00 | 47 | \$20.00 | 67 | \$5.00 | 87 | NB |
| 8 | \$21.00 | 27 | \$3.00 | 48 | \$19.00 | 68 | \$350.00 | 88 | \$16.00 |
| 9 | \$16.00 | 28 | \$9.50 | 49 | \$12.00 | 69 | \$11.00 | 89 | \$45.00 |
| 10 | \$11.00 | 29 | \$8.00 | 50 | \$50.00 | 70 | \$13.00 | 90 | NB |
| 11 | NB | 30 | \$27.00 | 51 | NB | 71 | \$5.00 | 91 | NB |
| 12 | \$25.00 | 31 | \$22.00 | 52 | \$7.50 | 72 | \$9.00 | 92 | NB |
| 13 | \$8.00 | 32 | NB | 53 | NB | 73 | NB | 93 | \$15.00 |
| 14 | \$16.00 | 34 | NB | 54 | \$17.00 | 74 | \$20.00 | 94 | \$20.00 |
| 15 | NB | 35 | \$6.00 | 55 |  | 75 | \$17.00 | 95 | \$20.00 |
| 16 | \$16.00 | 36 | \$8.00 | 56 | \$5.00 | 76 | \$16.00 | 96 | \$25.00 |
| 17 | \$16.00 | 37 | NB | 57 | \$5.50 | 77 | \$10.00 | 97 | \$13.00 |
| 18 | \$10.00 | 38 | \$2.00 | 58 | \$5.00 | 78 | \$10.00 |  |  |
| 19 | \$13.00 | 39 | \$2.50 | 59 | NB | 79 | \$8.00 |  |  |
| 20 | \$17.00 | 40 | \$12.00 | 60 | \$18.00 | 80 | \$11.00 |  |  |

## Auction 98 closes on January 31, 2005

EFOCC Auction Consignment Form $\quad$ EFOCC use - ouly $\Rightarrow$ AUCTION \#: LOT \#:


Description of item: \{Please note any faults and fasten lots below this line or on the reverse side\}

APS Membership No:

Instructions: Fill in all information. Attach each lot to the front of one form, using a stock card, face-down glassine or other mount. Use separate rigid sheet for larger lots and attach a completed form. No staples - please. Make sure it is easy for us to remove and re-insert each lot.


EFOCC Auction Bid Sheet


Please execute the following bids for me in EFOCC Auction \# $\qquad$ $\overline{\text { Signature - all bid sheets must be signed\} } \quad \text { \{Date\} } \quad \text { Earliest postmark wins tie bids!! }}$

| Lot\# | Bid | Lot\# | Bid | Lot\# | Bid | Lot\# | Bid | Lot\# | Bid | Lot\# | Bid |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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Postage will be charged to the bidder. A 10\% buyer's premium will be added to successful bids. Mail bid sheets to: McDevitt, 955 S. Grove, Lot 65, Kingsland, GA 31548-5263

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The EFO Collectors' Club
    4217 8 }\mp@subsup{}{}{\mathrm{ th }}\mathrm{ Avenue
    Temple, PA }1956
PERIODICAL/DATED MATTER
    POSTMASTER, DO NOT
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[^0]:    [1] "Special Commentary -20 Sept., 2003, David Stein discovers a new variety," www.canadianstampauctions.com
    [2] "Best Buys from the Boss \# 100," Eastern Auctions Ltd.
    [3] Ian Kimmerly Stamp Auctions, Advertising Flier to Collectors, May 2001
    [4] Eastern Auctions Ltd., Public Auction, February 22, 2003, Halifax, Nova Scotia
    [5] "Weekly Feature \#208 Missing Moose," In-store Flyer, June 21st - June 27, 2004, Ian Kimmerly Stamps
    [6] Flier entitled "Year of the Snake" by Gary J. Lyon (Philatelists) Ltd., March 2001
    [7] "48థ Year of the Ram Missing Gold," Corgi Times, March-April 2003, Volume XI, No. 5, p. 73
    [8] "Church and Horse Missing Colours Error," Corgi Times, May-June 2002, Volume X, No. 6, p. 81
    [9] "Best Buys from the Boss \# 93," Eastern Auctions Ltd.
    [10] Eastern Auctions Ltd., Public Auction, June 26, 2004, Halifax, Nova Scotia
    [11] "Scott Numbers Assigned," Corgi Times, May-June 2002, Volume X, No. 6, p. 89
    [12] R. Maresch \& Son, Auction Sale 288-291, Tuesday March 2, 2004

